

Founded 1875

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HENRY CHAPMAN

333-335 S. 16th St., - Philadelphia, Pa.

America's Leading Numismatic Dealer

The following has been my aim in treating customers.

From a Salesman's Notebook

By GEORGE T. EAGER.

It is estimated that the average retail store loses 15 per cent. of its customers every year. So if the store wants to merely hold its present volume it must add 15 per cent. of new customers. Even 20 per cent. added in new customers only produces a gain of 5 per cent.

One large store asked 100 former customers why they stopped trading. Sixty-eight left because of indifference of sales people, 14 on account of unadjusted complaints and 9 because other stores offered better prices. Which recalls the advice of one of the country's most successful merchants, "Unless you can make friends you cannot make customers."

Advertising should not be judged merely on the basis of the sales it brings the next day but also on the basis of the new customers it brings in to be turned into friends and active customers.

(Copr. 1933.)

Thank God for Daddy

I honor today in festal glee
The master of my destiny
That golden-hearted sire of mine;
The acme of a perfect line
That gave to me the breath of life,
And sheltered me from care and strife;
That soothed my heart-pains with a lay
And kissed my childish tears away.

Nature molded a perfect lad
When it carved the profile of dad,
And for all that he has been to me;
A billow of love on a placid sea;
A gleaming beacon, to light my way,
Leading me on to a lovelier day,
So, I lay a garland at his shrine
And thank God for that daddy of mine.

When every genius shall perish and die,
My dad, my pilot will reign for aye
Within the confines of my soul;
A rainbow when the storm clouds roll.
There's not a joy this world can give;
There's not a wish I can conceive,
That I do not tender dad and say:
God spare you for many a festal day.

THOS. DOUDIEN.

WASHINGTON MEDALS.

BEAUTIFUL AND ARTISTIC.

Heads of Washington, De Grasse and Rochambeau accolated. R. Map of Yorktown with ships in harbor. CAPITULATION OF YORKTOWN. Silver. Price \$10.

Head left. GEORGE WASHINGTON 1732-1799. R. View of Mt. Vernon. Below, PATRIAE LIBERATOR ET DECUS. 1732-1932. Silver. Price \$10.

Same in bronze, price \$3.

A very fine lot of Ancient Greek and Roman Coins in the various metals and states of preservation.

American Colonial, State and United States coins. Gold, silver, nickel and bronze, in various grades of preservation.

American Historical medals in bronze and silver.

United States Presidential medals.

Colorado, Clark Gruber & Co. 1861, \$20. Extremely fine, excessively rare.

Price on application.

1879 \$4. gold. Brilliant, uncirculated, \$125.

Commemorative coins.

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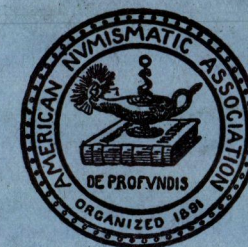
VOL. XLVI

No. 7

THE NUMISMATIST

An Illustrated Monthly for Those Interested
in Coins, Medals and Paper Money.

JULY 1933



PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY

The American Numismatic Association

ORGANIZED 1891.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the United States, May 9, 1912.

Publication Office, Federalburg, Md.

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00. SINGLE COPY 25 CENTS

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1839, C Mint, Fine	7.50
1839, D Mint, Fine	10.00
1839, O Mint, Ex. fine, \$10.00. Fine	7.50
1840, Very fine	10.00
1843, Unc., \$7.50. Ex. fine, \$6.00. Very fine, \$5.00. Fine	4.00
1843, C Mint, Uncirculated, \$12.50. Very fine	8.50
1843, D Mint, Uncirculated, \$17.50. Fine	12.50
1843, O Mint, Uncirculated, \$10.00. Ex. fine, \$7.50. Fine	5.00
1844, Ex. fine, \$20.00. Very fine, \$15.00. Fine	12.50
1844, C Mint, Very fine, \$15.00. Fine	12.50
1844, D Mint, Ex. fine, \$10.00. Fine	7.50
1845, Unc., \$10.00. Ex. fine, \$7.50. Fine	5.00
1845, D Mint, Unc., \$15.00. Ex. fine, \$10.00. Fine	7.50
1846, Fine	5.00
1846, D Mint, Fine	7.50
1846, O Mint, Ex. fine, \$15.00. Fine	10.00
1847, Fine	5.00
1847, C Mint, Unc., \$15.00. Ex. fine, \$10.00. Fine	6.00
1847, D Mint, Very fine, \$15.00. Fine	10.00
1847, O Mint, Ex. fine, \$6.00. Fine	4.50
1848, D Mint, Very fine	7.50
1848, CAL. Brilliant Proof, \$150.00. Very fine	85.00
1849, C Mint, Fine	10.00
1850, Uncirculated, \$5.00. Ex. fine, \$4.50. Fine	4.00
1850, O Mint, Fine	5.00
1851, Unc., \$5.00. Ex. fine, \$4.50. Very fine, \$4.00. Fine	3.50
1851, C Mint, Uncirculated	10.00
1851, D Mint, Fine	10.00
1851, O Mint, Extremely fine, \$4.50. Fine	3.50
1852, Unc., \$5.00. Ex. fine, \$4.50. Very fine, \$4.00. Fine	3.50
1852, C Mint, Very fine, \$12.50. Fine	10.00
1852, D Mint, Fine	25.00
1852, O Mint, Fine	5.00
1853, Unc., \$5.00. Ex. fine, \$4.50. Very fine, \$4.00. Fine	3.50
1854, Unc., \$5.00. Ex. fine, \$4.50. Very fine, \$4.00. Fine	3.50
1854, C Mint, Fine	10.00
1854, O Mint, Fine	4.00
1855, Unc., \$6.00. Ex. fine, \$5.00. Very fine, \$4.50. Fine	4.00
1855, C Mint, Fine	10.00
1856, Unc., \$5.00. Ex. fine, \$4.50. Very fine, \$4.00. Fine	3.50
1856, C Mint, Fine	10.00
1856, S Mint, Very fine, \$6.00. Fine	5.00
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1857, D Mint, Fine	35.00
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1858, Uncirculated, \$6.00. Ex. fine, \$5.00. Fine	4.00
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1859, D Mint, Uncirculated, \$35.00. Fine	20.00
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1860, Fine	4.00
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1860, S Mint, Very fine	10.00

(Look for the rest on another page.)

JOHN ZUG

Bowie,

Maryland.

THE NUMISMATIST

An Illustrated Monthly for Those Interested
in Coins, Medals and Paper Money.

Published by the AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION
at Federalsburg, Md.
Editorial and General Offices, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

VOL. XLVI

JULY, 1933

No. 7

Descriptive List of Obsolete Paper Money

By D. C. WISMER, Hatfield, Pa.

PART I—Embracing the Circulating Notes Issued by State Banks, Private Banks, Bankers and Corporations.

Abbreviations { R.—Right end illustration.
C.—Central illustration on note.
L.—Left end illustration.

(The publication of this list was begun June, 1922.)

(CONTINUED FROM LAST MONTH.)

RHODE ISLAND.

Rhode Island was settled by Roger Williams in 1636. This State was one of the Thirteen Original States forming the United States of America in 1776. It is the smallest State in the United States.

ALTON.

Richmond Bank.

(Chartered 1856. Moved to Hopkinton in 1865. Closed 1866.)



No. 10.

1. \$1. C., three horses, goats, sheep. R., portrait of Jenny Lind, 1 above. L., mechanic, 1 above. 1856.
2. \$1. Similar to No. 1, excepting ONE in red.
3. \$2. C., shield, two allegorical figures on right, cornucopia on left. R., two cherubs flying with sheaf, purse and wand, 2 above. L., lady kneeling, another standing with spear.

4. \$2. Similar to No. 3, excepting TWO in red. 1856.
5. \$3. C., shield surmounted by eagle; black horse right, white horse left. R., allegorical representation of Industry and Commerce, 3 above. L., an arm, hammer and anvil, 3 above.
6. \$5. C., three allegorical figures. R., 5 above. L., small machine, 5 above.
7. \$5. Similar to No. 6, excepting 5 V 5 in red. 1856.
8. \$5. Have no description.
9. \$10. C., three men forging iron. R., girl feeding chickens, 10 above. L., portrait of Clay, 10 above.
10. \$10. Similar to No. 9, excepting X and TEN in red. 1859.

ANTHONY VILLAGE.

Coventry Bank.

(Incorporated 1850. Changed to Coventry National Bank in 1865.)

11. \$1. C., three allegorical figures. R., Washington on horseback, 1 above. L., lady seated, 1 above.
12. \$2. C., Hope seated beside shield. R., portrait of Franklin, 2 above. L., three females on cliff, TWO below.
13. \$5. C., eagle and shield. R., Indian seated, shield, pole and cap, 5 above. L., lady seated, 5 above.
14. \$5. C., woman seated, child and dog. R. and L., similar to No. 13.
15. \$10. C., Commerce seated, portrait of lady at right. R., three allegorical figures. L., man seated, 10 above.
16. \$20. C., Justice seated, cherub each side. R., Ceres, 20 above. L., train, 20 above.
17. \$50. C., allegorical representation of Commerce and Industry. R., boy gathering corn, 50 above. L., portrait of lady, 50 above and below.
18. \$100. C., title of bank; female and cherubs in clouds over city lower center. R., ship, 100 above and below. L., sailor seated, 100 below.

APPONAUG.

Warwick Bank.

(Incorporated 1818. Liquidated by Wingate Hays, Receiver, in 1862. Refer to Warwick, R. I.)

ASHAWAY.

Ashaway Bank.

(Incorporated 1855. First location, Hopkinton. Succeeded by Ashaway National Bank in 1865.)

19. \$1. C., Indian seated. R., portrait of lady, 1 above. L., farmer, ONE above.
20. \$2. C., title. R., woman seated, two men standing, 2 above. L., two horses, train, 2 below.
21. \$3. C., two allegorical figures, 3 on DOLLARS at left. R., two men, dog, 3 above. L., Ceres kneeling, Minerva erect.
22. \$5. C., man on horseback, two boys driving cattle. R., Indian squaw and child, 5 above. L., portrait of Webster, 5 below.
23. \$10. C., title, Ceres reclining lower center. R., woman at well, 10 above. L., portrait of Indian chief, X below.
24. \$50. C., 50. R., 50 above and below. L., head of Liberty surrounded by fourteen stars, FIFTY above, 50 below.

BLOCK ISLAND.

Island Bank. (Incorporated 1854. Did not commence business.)

BRISTOL.

Bank of Bristol. (Incorporated 1800. Liquidated 1865.)

- 25. \$1. C., Indian "Philip of Mount Hope" seated on ground, 1 each side. R., RHODE ISLAND across. L., ONE, 1 below.
- 26. \$2. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.
- 27. \$3. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.
- 28. \$5. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.
- 29. \$10. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.
- 30. \$20. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.
- 31. \$30. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.
- 32. \$50. Similar to No. 25, excepting denomination.

Bristol Institution for Savings.

(Incorporated 1819. Absorbed by Industrial Trust Co. in 1900.)

Bristol Union Bank. (Incorporated 1823. Removed to Tiverton in 1830.)

- 33. \$5. C., view of Bristol, 5 right, FIVE left. R., RHODE ISLAND across. L., 5 on V. 1824.

Commercial Bank. (Incorporated 1809. Failed 1869.)

- 34. \$1. C., two farmers, 1 at right. R., ship, 1 above, ONE below. L., ONE across, 1 below.
- 35. \$2. C., naval engagement, ships-of-war, men in boats, etc. R., male portrait, 2 above. L., farmer in field, TWO above and below.
- 36. \$2. C., spread eagle on bale, 2 at right. R., TWO, 2 above, schooner below. L., TWO above, 2 below.
- 37. \$2. C., sailor reclining on bulkhead. R., two sailors. L., dog's head.
- 38. \$3. C., Justice seated on bale, distant ships. R., spread eagle and shield above. L., THREE across. 1823.
- 39. \$3. C., wharf scene. R., THREE, 3 above, train below. L., THREE above, 3 below.
- 40. \$5. C., V; female and cherub in foreground. R., girl with basket of flowers, 5 above. L., spread eagle on shield, FIVE below.
- 41. \$5. C., portrait of General Burnside. R., Commerce. L., Liberty.
- 42. \$10. C., X. R., farmer holding sickle and sheaf, 10 above. L., Vulcan seated, TEN below. 1861.
- 43. \$10. C., State arms. R., Justice. L., allegorical representation of Industry.
- 44. \$20. C., eagle in frame, XX each side. R., ship, 20 above. L., lady seated, 20 above. 1863.
- 45. \$50. C., man holding a horse by the mane, 50 each side. R. and L., female in an oval, FIFTY above and below.
- 46. \$100. C., Phoebus in chariot of the sun. R., portrait of Washington, C above and below. L., eagle, 100 above and below.

Eagle Bank.

(Incorporated 1818. Changed to National Eagle Bank in 1865. Absorbed by Industrial Trust Co. in 1900.)

- 47. \$1. C., spread eagle. R., allegorical figure, eagle and shield. L., Indian family on cliff overlooking river and city, ONE above.
- 48. \$2. C., title, eagle in clouds at right. R., two allegorical figures, shield. L., Goddess of Liberty.
- 49. \$5. C., man on horseback, 5 at left. R., Indian chief, FIVE above. L., Goddess of Liberty.
- 50. \$10. Have no description.
- 51. \$50. C., 50 on round die. R., FIFTY above and below. L., Goddess of Plenty, distant ship, 50 above and below.
- 52. \$100. C., man reclining, distant ship, 100 each side. R., ONE HUNDRED across. L., portrait of Washington, C above and below.

Freemans Bank.

(Incorporated 1817. Changed to First National Bank in 1865. Absorbed by Industrial Trust Co. in 1900.)

53. \$1. C., spread eagle, 1 each side. R., 1 ONE 1 across. L., 1 RHODE ISLAND 1 across.
54. \$1. Similar to No. 53, excepting ONE in red. 1854.
55. \$1. Similar to No. 53, excepting 1 ONE 1 in green. Printed back. 1865.
56. \$2. Similar to No. 53, excepting denomination.
57. \$3. Similar to No. 53, excepting denomination.
58. \$3. Similar to No. 55, excepting denomination. 1853.
59. \$5. C., allegorical representation of Industry, 5 at left. R., milkmaid, cows, 5 above. L., soldier beside cannon, FIVE below. 1857.
60. \$5. C., V, female and cherub in foreground. R., girl with basket of flowers, 5 above. L., spread eagle on shield, FIVE below.
61. \$10. C., Justice seated, 10 each side. R., TEN 10 TEN across. L., X RHODE ISLAND X across. X TEN X in green. Printed back. 1863.
62. \$10. C., X. R., farmer holding sickle and sheaf, 10 above. L., Vulcan seated, TEN below.
63. \$20. Have no description.
64. \$50. C., man holding horse by the mane, 50 each side. R. and L., female in oval, FIFTY above and below.
65. \$100. C., wharf scene. R., portrait of Columbus, ONE HUNDRED across, 100 above. L., portrait of Harrison, ONE HUNDRED across, 100 above.

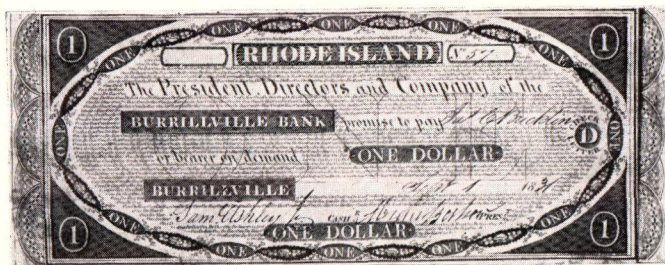
Mount Hope Bank. (1830, capital \$75,000.)

66. \$1. Have no description. 1825.
67. \$3. C., Hope seated beside anchor. R., 3 above and below. 1820.
68. \$5. C., shepherdess seated, sheep, distant mill on right, horse below. R., 5 above and below. L., V RHODE ISLAND V across. 1820.
69. \$10. C., Ceres and Commerce seated, ship in background. R., X above and below. L., X RHODE ISLAND X across. 1820.
70. \$100. C., anchor on C in oval, distant mill and ships. R., RHODE ISLAND, 100 above, C below. L., ONE HUNDRED, 100 above and below.

BURRILLVILLE.

Burrillville Bank.

71. \$1. Perkins Patent Stereotype Steel Plate. 1831.



No. 71.

72. \$1. Similar to No. 71, excepting R. and L., ONE D ONE. 1832.
73. \$2. Similar to No. 71, excepting denomination. 1831.
74. \$5. Similar to No. 71, excepting denomination. 1831.

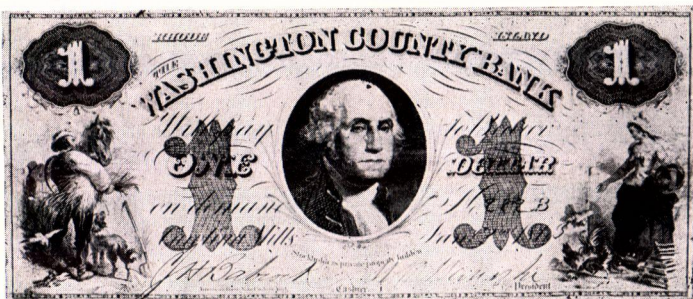
Burrillville Agricultural Bank.

(Incorporated 1818. Changed to Burrillville Agricultural and Manufacturers Bank in June, 1818. Then to Village Bank in 1822. Later location changed to Smithfield.)

CAROLINA MILLS.**Washington County Bank.**

(First location, Richmond, R. I. Incorporated 1856. Moved to Charlestown in 1863. Closed in 1865.)

75. \$1. C., large portrait of Washington. R., girl feeding chickens, 1 above. L., man feeding horse; dog and pigeons, 1 above.
 76. \$1. Similar to No. 75, excepting 1 1 in red. 1862.

**No. 77.**

77. \$1. Similar to No. 75, excepting 1 1 in green. 1863.
 78. \$2. C., farmer resting, two horses, portrait of Thomas Jefferson at right, portrait of John Adams at left. R., portrait of Washington, 2 above. L., two men mending cart, 2 above.
 79. \$2. Similar to No. 78, excepting TWO in red. 1860.
 80. \$2. Similar to No. 78, excepting TWO in green. 1863.
 81. \$2. Similar to No. 78, excepting 2 2 in green. 1863.
 82. \$3. C., title, portrait of lady below. R., scene in blacksmith shop, 3 above. L., two farmers, woman holding child, 2 above.
 83. \$5. C., shield bearing bust of Washington, Goddess of Liberty on right, Revolutionary soldier on left, two Indians in foreground. R., girl, cow and calf, 5 above. L., militiamen throwing up breastwork, 5 above.
 84. \$5. Similar to No. 83, excepting 5 and 5 in red. 1860.
 85. \$5. Similar to No. 83, excepting 5 and 5 in green. 1863.
 86. \$10. C., two white men, Indian chief, squaw and children. R., 10 above. L., hand on shield, U. S. Capitol in distance, 10 above.
 87. \$50. C., cattle. R., train, 50 above. L., blacksmith, 50 above.

CENTREVILLE.

Warwick Institution for Savings. (Incorporated 1845. Closed 1901.)

CHARLESTOWN.**Washington County Bank.**

(Moved there from Carolina Mills in 1863. Closed 1865.)

CHEPACHET.

Franklin Bank. (Incorporated 1818. Closed 1868.)

88. \$1. C., lady seated, stage coach in background, 1 each side. R., 1 RHODE ISLAND 1 across. L., denomination. 1821.
 89. \$1. C., men in large figure 1. R., woman holding grain and leaning on fence, 1 above. L., Commerce seated, train, vessel and canal lock in distance, 1 below.
 90. \$1. C., steamboat and other vessels, 1 at right. R., Indian maid seated, ONE above and below. L., ONE across.

91. \$2. C., Justice seated, factories in distance, 2 right and left. R., 2 RHODE ISLAND 2 across. L., denomination. Blue paper. 1826.
92. \$2. C., men in large figure 2. R., lady seated, 2 on TWO above and below. L., boy washing sheep, man, boy and dog driving sheep.
93. \$2. C., ship, vessels, etc., 2 at right. R., young woman drawing water from well, TWO above and below. L., TWO, 2, above and below.
94. \$3. C., 3. R., lady with flowers, THREE above and below. L., man on horseback, boy, dog and cattle, 3 below.
95. \$3. C., reaping scene, 3 at right. R., steamboat, THREE above, 3 on THREE below. L., THREE across.
96. \$5. C., large V, lady and cherub in foreground. R., girl with basket of flowers, 5 above. L., spread eagle on shield, FIVE below.
97. \$5. C., lady, 5 right. R., lady, 5 above. L., FIVE across.
98. \$5. Have no description.
99. \$10. C., steamboat, schooner, boats, distant city, X at right. R., girl holding sheaf, 10 above. L., Indian with bow, X above. 1856.
100. \$10. C., farmer with plow and oxen, 10 right. R., Ceres, TEN above. L., X, 10 above and below.
101. \$10. C., large X. R., farmer holding sickle and sheaf, 10 above. L., Vulcan seated, TEN below.
102. \$20. C., eagle in frame, XX each side. R., ship, 20 above. L., lady seated, 20 above.
103. \$20. C., Justice seated, 20 at right, eagle at left. R., lady, XX above. L., XX, steamer above, allegorical figure below.
104. \$50. C., man holding horse by mane, 50 each side. R. and L., lady in oval, FIFTY above and below.
105. \$50. C., farmhouse and buildings, two men on load of hay, farmer with rake and pail, 50 at right. R., Justice, L above. L., steamboat and sailboat, 50 above.
106. \$100. C., Phoebus in Chariot of the Sun, 100 right, C left. R., portrait of Washington, C above and below. L., eagle, 100 above and below.
107. \$100. C., wharf scene. R., portrait of Columbus, ONE HUNDRED across, 100 above. L., portrait of Harrison, ONE HUNDRED across, 100 above.

COVENTRY.

Bank of Kent. (Incorporated 1818. Closed 1867.)

108. \$1. C., allegorical representation of Industry. R., anchor with word HOPE, 1 above. L., Justice, 1 above.
109. \$1. C., four women tending looms in factory, 1 each side. R., portrait, ONE above and below. L., ONE across.
110. \$1.50. C., primitive loom, 1½ each side. R., 1½ RHODE ISLAND 1½ across. L., 1½ \$1.50 1½ across.
111. \$2. C., two ladies seated, distant buildings. R., mechanic, 2 above. L., girl with dove, 2 above.
112. \$2. C., man driving two cows, 2 each side. R., portrait, TWO above and below. L., TWO across.
113. \$2. C., female with sheaf of wheat, and landscape. L., TWO 2 TWO across. 1827.
114. \$3. Have no description. 1860.
115. \$5. C., 5. R., woman, spinning wheel, distant factory, 5 above. L., white and black horse, cattle, stream, 5 below.
116. \$5. C., factories, train, etc., 5 each side. R., portrait of Washington, FIVE above and below. L., FIVE across.
117. \$5. Have no description.
118. \$10. C., farmer with plow and oxen, 10 right. R., Ceres, TEN above. L., denomination.
119. \$20. C., eagle in frame, XX each side. R., ship, 20 above. L., young lady seated, 20 above.
120. \$50. C., man holding horse by the mane, 50 each side. R. and L., lady in oval, FIFTY above and below.

121. \$100. C., Phoebus in chariot of the sun, 100 right, C left. R., portrait of Washington, C above and below. L., eagle, 100 above and below.

Coventry Bank. (Incorporated 1836. Did not commence business.)

CRANSTON.

Cranston Bank.

(Incorporated 1818. Closed 1865. In 1850 moved to Providence, and in 1865 removed to Olneyville.)

122. \$1. C., Ceres seated, distant mill, 1 each side and below. R., ONE RHODE ISLAND ONE across. L., ONE ONE ONE across.
123. \$1. C., 1, portrait of lady each side. R., portrait of Franklin, 1 above. L., portrait of Washington, 1 above.
124. \$1. C., similar to No. 123. R., portrait of Franklin in oval frame, 1 above. L., portrait of Washington in oval frame, 1 above.
125. \$2. C., three allegorical figures, 2 each side. R., Washington, TWO above and below. L., two Indians seated, distant falls, TWO above and below.
126. \$3. C., Justice seated beside figure 3, 3 each side and below. R., 3 RHODE ISLAND 3 across. L., 3 THREE 3 across.
127. \$3. C., farmer in field, spread eagle, shield and 3. R., portrait of young lady, THREE above, 3 below. L., THREE across.
128. \$5. C., lady seated, distant mill, 5 each side and below. R., 5 RHODE ISLAND 5 across. L., 5 FIVE 5 across.
129. \$5. C., three allegorical figures, vessel on right, eagle on left, Cupid at right, lady's portrait at left. R., Washington standing by his horse, 5 above. L., portrait of Franklin, 5 above.
130. \$10. C., allegorical representation of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture. R., portrait of lady. L., Indian beside slain deer.
131. \$10. C., steamboat, schooner, boats, distant city, X right. R., girl holding sheaf, 10 above. L., Indian with bow, X above.
132. \$20. C., Indian standing beside slain deer, river and mountains in background, farmer and two horses at right, beehive at left. R., farmer, 20 above and below. L., view of canal, XX above and below.
133. \$20. C., eagle in frame, XX each side. R., ship, 20 above. L., lady seated, 20 above.
134. \$50. C., man holding horse by the mane, 50 each side. R. and L., lady in an oval, FIFTY above and below.
135. \$100. C., wharf scene. R., portrait of Columbus, ONE HUNDRED across 100 above. L., portrait of Harrison, ONE HUNDRED across 100 above.

Elmwood Bank. (Incorporated 1854. Closed 1867.)

136. \$1. C., view in Elmwood, elm trees, church and houses. R., boy holding figure 1, ONE above. L., portrait of Webster, 1 above, ONE below.
137. \$2. C., portrait of Pierce. R., lady holding figure 2, II above. L., view in Elmwood, 2 on shield below.
138. \$5. C., similar to No. 136. R., Justice, 5 above, FIVE below. L., farmer and his wife at lunch, dog, tree and distant river, FIVE above.
139. \$10. C., similar to No. 136. R., TEN on X, milkmaid and cow, 10 above. L., Liberty erect, TEN above, TEN on 10 below.
140. \$50. C., similar to No. 136. R., three men holding oval containing 50. L., portrait of lady, 50 above.
141. \$100. C., title, two ladies, sickle and shield in oval on left. R., view in Elmwood. L., ornamental C, 100 above.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Distinguished Flying Cross

By HARVEY L. HANSEN, Piedmont, Cal.

The increasing importance of aviation brought about the necessity on the part of the American Government to issue an award strictly for this service in the Army, Navy and Marine Corps. By the act of July 2, 1926 there was created the Distinguished Flying Cross, to be awarded to any person who, while serving in any capacity with the Air Corps of the Army of the United States, including the National Guard and the Organized Reserves, as well as the United States Navy, subsequent to April 6th, 1917, has distinguished or shall distinguish himself by heroism or extraordinary achievement while participating in any aerial flight.



Distinguished Flying Cross.

No person is eligible for the award of the Distinguished Flying Cross for any act performed prior to November 11, 1918, except officers and enlisted men who were previously recommended for but did not receive the Congressional Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross or the Distinguished Service Medal, also the officers or enlisted men who displayed heroism while serving as instructors or students at flying schools.

Subject to other special conditions in the law the following classes of persons are eligible for the award of the D. F. C.:

a. All members of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps and members of the Coast Guard, when serving with the military or naval forces of the United States, while participating in an aerial flight as part of the duties incident to such membership.

b. All members of the National Guard not in Federal Service, the Organized Reserves, the Officers Reserve Corps, the Enlisted Reserve Corps, the Naval Reserves and the Marine Corps Reserves, not on active duty, while participating in an aerial flight as part of the duties incident to such membership.

c. Members of the military, naval or air forces of foreign governments while serving with the military or naval forces of the United States and while participating in an aerial flight.

Civilians are not eligible for the award of the Distinguished Flying Cross, according to Executive Order of March 1, 1927. There have been, however, some variations in the rules for bestowing the medal, as, for instance, in the cases of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh for his transatlantic flight, Francesco de Pinedo, the Italian flyer and globe circler, and more recently in the case of Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam for her Atlantic flight.

No more than one Distinguished Flying Cross shall be issued to any person, but for each succeeding act, deed or achievement sufficient to justify another award a bronze Oak Leaf Cluster shall be awarded in lieu thereof and will be attached to the ribbon of the medal.

For any act of heroism or extraordinary achievement performed subsequent to July 2, 1926, the D. F. C. will not be awarded after more than three years from the date of the act or achievement nor unless the recommendation shall have been made at the time of the act or within two years thereafter. The award can be made posthumously and the medal will then be given to a representative of the deceased in the following order: Widow (provided she has not remarried), eldest son, eldest daughter, father, mother, eldest brother, eldest sister, eldest grandchild.

Awards are announced in War Department or Navy Department general orders.

The design of the Distinguished Flying Cross was approved by the Fine Arts Commission and may be described as a bronze cross on which has been superimposed two sets of aeroplane propellers and with rays inserted between the arms of the cross.

The ribbon may be described as blue moire ribbon, with two white stripes, approximately one-eighth of an inch wide, about one-eighth of an inch from the edges, a blue background with a narrow red stripe in the center bordered by two extremely narrow white stripes.

As I understand that a number of collectors of United States decorations and service medals still use for reference the article on the "Romance of Military Insignia," by Col. Robert E. Wyllie in the National Geographic Magazine for December, 1919, my articles on the Purple Heart, Silver Star Decoration, the Soldiers Medal and the present article on the Distinguished Flying Cross, will supplement Colonel Wyllie's list in that magazine with the issues since 1919. Other articles will take up Navy and Marine Corps issues since 1919.

SOME PRESENT-DAY SCRIP MAY BECOME VALUABLE.

Some of the scrip in circulation in Canada and the United States which is just getting by now may be worth plenty in 1963 if history repeats itself. A one-shilling voucher issued under the authority of Col. R. S. S. Baden Powell in 1900 during the Boer War brought \$35 at an auction in Toronto recently—The Burroughs Magazine.

BYZANTINE COINS.

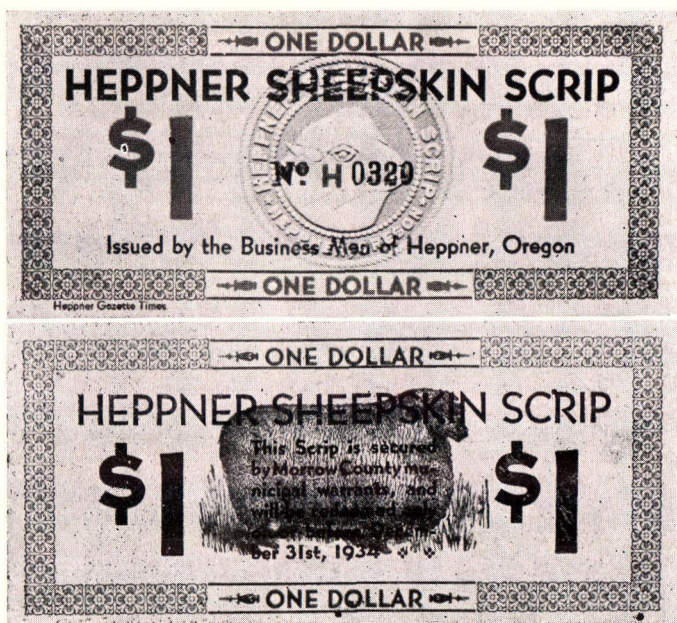
The Boston Museum of Fine Arts has placed on exhibition the collection of Byzantine coins formed by Mr. Edward J. Holmes, of Boston. The collection is noteworthy in that the gold and silver coins are practically all museum pieces. Most of the emperors are represented and the collection is well worth a visit.

M. S.

Sheepskin Scrip and Shell Money

Again the Pacific Coast has issued two unique forms of scrip. During the bank holiday small change was greatly needed in Crescent City, Cal., and they therefore turned to the issuance of shells as money. They used two sizes of shells, one about an inch and a half across the long way and the other about three and one-half inches across, the smaller being for 10 cents and the larger ones for 25 cents.

The markings or inscriptions on these shells, aside from indicating their value, also stated that they could be redeemed by the individual or parties issuing them upon presentation at a designated place. They were dated and it was also specified that they must be presented for redemption within a six-months period. They were also marked in such a manner that it would be impossible for anyone to counterfeit them successfully. Only \$1000 worth of this shell money was issued, used primarily to pay ranchers for their produce, and it has practically all been redeemed.



The other item of interest is the Heppner Sheepskin scrip issued by the business men of Heppner, located in eastern Oregon. It was primarily conceived to make liquid municipal warrants that were going begging on the market because the income from the sheep flocks and wheat fields had for two years fallen below cost of production, resulting in tax delinquency and the necessity for registering warrants. The scrip was first issued on March 1st, 1933, and to date there is outstanding about \$4500 worth. It is given to school teachers only, in exchange for their warrants, with a 5 per cent. discount to pay for printing, etc. The scrip will be redeemed with cash when the school warrants are called for payment. It is taken in trade at face value by all the merchants of the city, circulates freely and is considered a success. It is printed in 25c., 50c., \$1 and \$5 denominations on genuine sheepskin. The 5-cent denomination is printed on paper only and there is also a 25-cent denomination on paper.

HARVEY L. HANSEN.

Medals and Decorations

According to reports, Brazil has decided to restore the Imperial Order of the Southern Cross. Instituted by Dom Pedro I on December 1, 1822, during the empire, it was intended originally for those who had helped to secure the independence of Brazil from the Portuguese. After a time it became known as the Brazilian Legion of Honor and was accorded to those who accomplished great deeds. The present order will be conferred exclusively upon those foreigners whose scientific and humanitarian endeavors on behalf of Brazil are noteworthy.

The "Order of the Aztec Eagle" recently created by the Republic of Mexico has had the various conditions of bestowal finally worked out by the Ministry of Foreign Relations. The order was voted into existence last fall by Congress at the request of President Rodriguez, who was desirous of having some way to repay those services foreigners lend to the nation in the economic, political or social fields. The order has been divided into civil and military. Each will have five distinct grades of decorations, the grand collar, the band, the shield, the badge and the insignia. The grand collar is elaborate, with Aztec motifs and the eagle devouring the serpent, the national symbol of Mexico. The other decorations are along similar lines. The grand collar is reserved for heads of other nations that have shown special friendship for the country. The recipient of one of the lower grades can be a candidate for a higher grade order if his meritorious services are continued for five years.

A very belated award on the part of the United States Government is the granting to Richmond P. Hobson of the Congressional Medal of Honor. The deed was performed almost thirty-five years ago, when during the Spanish American war he sank the collier Merrimac to bottle up the Spanish fleet in Santiago Harbor. That took place on June 3rd, 1898, but it was not until the last session of Congress that justice was done to one of our heroes.

From Belgium we have reports that by royal decree a new order has been created for information agents, or, as we would say, for spies. Agents in the employ of the Belgian or allied governments during the World War may receive these orders or commemorative war medals. These medals will be crowns in silver, six millimeters in width, with silver lions, for agents in the Belgian service. As far as the writer knows, this is the first time in history that a special medal or order has been created for spies.

Among recent foreign awards to citizens of the United States is the award made by the Rumanian Government of the Order of Virtutea Aeronautic, its highest aeronautical award, to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh and Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam.

Medallic awards have been made during the past few months for many varied and outstanding services. Among some of the most interesting in this country are the following: John McCormack, famous lyric tenor received the 1933 award of the Laetare Medals of the University of Notre Dame. This honor has been bestowed annually since 1883 in recognition of individual merit and as an inspiration for greater achievement of leaders chosen from the Catholic laity.

In Buffalo, N. Y., the Norton Medal is bestowed annually on a citizen who is adjudged by the Council of the University of Buffalo to have rendered exceptionally distinguished service in the community. This year's award went to Dr. Francis Park Lewis for his outstanding work for the prevention of blindness.

At the February meeting of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, the Saunders Medal for distinguished service in mining engineering was awarded to Walter H. Aldridge, and the James Douglas Medal, a similar award for distinction in metallurgy, was awarded to James O. Elton.

Dr. William T. Hornaday, wild-life conservationist, received the Outdoor Life gold medal for distinguished achievements in wild-life conservation for

1932. The John Burroughs Association awarded the John Burroughs bronze medal for 1933 to Oliver Medsger. This medal is awarded annually for the foremost literary work "in the field so eminently occupied during his life by John Burroughs."

Columbia University has established a medal for "conspicuous Columbia alumni service." This year 200 of them were bestowed upon graduates and hereafter they will be issued annually on Alumni Day and possibly not more than fifteen or twenty will be awarded at any one time.

Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam received a gold medal and the Gimbel award of \$1000 in the city of Philadelphia, having been voted the outstanding woman of America for 1932.

Bronze mercy medals of the Men's League of Mercy of the United States have been awarded to Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt and to King Victor Emmanuel of Italy.

Gold medals of the National Institute of Social Sciences for Distinguished Humanitarian Service were awarded to Newton D. Baker, Evangeline Booth and Clifford W. Beers.

A most interesting award, owing to the age of the recipient and the distance travelled to receive it, was that bestowed last October on the mother of Aga Khan, Princess Ali-Shah. She received the Order of the Crown of India from King George, and despite her 86 years travelled 6000 miles from her Bombay palace to Buckingham for the investiture.

HARVEY L. HANSEN.

CHANGES PLANNED IN GERMAN COINAGE.

According to the Deutsche Hartgeld Sammler Zeitung, which I have just received, a great reform of the German coinage is planned. The very unpopular four-pfenning piece will be discontinued, as it was never anything else but a curiosity and nobody seemed to get used to it. Also, the three-mark piece, still called thaler, will disappear after serving over four hundred years as a most popular coin in Germany.

The new five-mark will be smaller in size, but 90 per cent. silver; the one-mark piece will change from silver to nickel, and there is a possibility that the pre-war 25 pfennig will be coined again.

The reading of our Numismatist is highly recommended to all who understand English. (I like to hear from anyone who would want to read the D. H. Z.).

There is also an interesting article on the origin of names of coins.

A small town in Germany reports the find of 37 silver coins, dollar size, all in excellent condition, dated 1602-1623, in an old building. The coins will be given to a museum for further study.

At the 50th anniversary of his death, a Richard Wagner medal was issued by the Saxonian mint in gold and silver and designed by Fritz Hornlein.
ERNST KRAUS.

BUT WHY DID HE KEEP HIS MONEY ON TOP OF THE FURNACE?

Adolph Belter, of Sodus township, Berrien county, Mich., was mailed a check for \$1,410 recently by the United States Treasury. The efficiency of modern scientific implements and the honesty of Federal experts are responsible, says a press dispatch from Washington to the Brooklyn Eagle. Belter appeared about three weeks ago in the office of Senator Vandenberg of Michigan, carrying a package containing smoke-stained glass from an ordinary fruit jar and some very fine pieces of ashes. This was his story:

On December 9, last, in the basement of his home he dug up the fruit jar which he had secreted there and from a roll of bills in the jar took \$40, leaving \$1,400 remaining. The jar containing the rest of his hoard was placed on a tray on top of the furnace. On December 14, he said in an affidavit, he smelled smoke coming from the basement, and upon investigation found the currency in the jar ablaze. Before he could get the jar outside, it broke, but he succeeded in quenching the flames with snow.

Vandenberg looked at the ashes. He thought he could see the outlines of two rolls of bills, but he wasn't sure; it was mostly fine dust and none of

the printing was distinguishable. Vandenberg took Belter personally to the Currency Redemption Bureau of the Treasury. The experts were doubtful the bills could be identified, but they promised to try. With the aid of powerful microscopes they pursued their task and in 10 days succeeded in distinguishing the ashes of 93 bills—51 tens, 40 twenties and two fifties—for a total of \$1,410, or \$10 more than Belter claimed were in the jar. A Treasury check was made out and mailed.

Medals of Massachusetts Bay Tercentenary

THIRD SUPPLEMENTARY LIST.

By SHEPARD POND, Boston, Mass.

Almost a year had elapsed since publication in the August, 1932, issue of *The Numismatist* of the Second Supplementary List of Medals of Massachusetts Bay Tercentenary, and little expectation was entertained of enlarging the list of medallic souvenirs of that memorable event when the following medalet came unexpectedly to hand.

Following the order already established, this neatly executed little piece is placed as No. 65 in the last of these medals and is described below. The method of description is uniform with that used in the original list of these medals published in the June, 1931, issue of *The Numismatist*.

No. 65—"Lord's Prayer" Medalet.

Obverse—At top, "MASSACHUSETTS BAY"; center, between dates "1630" and "1930" ship sailing to right; at bottom, "TERCENTENARY."

Reverse—The Lord's Prayer within a laurel wreath tied at bottom with a ribbon in a bowknot.

Edge—Plain. Holed. (The hole was made by the manufacturer for the purpose of suspending this medalet from a small eagle stick-pin).

Size—19 millimeters diameter.

Metal—Bronze gilt.

Made by—The Schwaab Stamp and Seal Co.

Quantity—About 4000.

The discovery of this piece reawakens the hope that still other Massachusetts Bay Tercentenary medals or tokens may be brought to light. Anyone possessing or having knowledge of such will confer a favor by communicating with the compiler, Shepard Pond, Secretary Boston Numismatic Society, 258 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

THE NUMISMATIST AND THE A. N. A. TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

The greater part of the issue of *The Numismatist* for July, 1908, is taken up with details of the death of Dr. George F. Heath, of Monroe, Mich., editor and publisher of the magazine since its foundation by him in 1888, and whose hand had largely guided the destinies of the A. N. A. since its organization in 1892. (A story of the early days of *The Numismatist* was published in our July, 1932, issue, written by his son, Donald R. Heath). Upon the death of Dr. Heath, Farran Zerbe, at that time President of the A. N. A., went to Monroe and made arrangements with Mrs. Heath to continue the publication of the magazine until the end of the year, in conjunction with Howland Wood, Secretary. At the end of the year the magazine was purchased by Mr. Zerbe, who conducted it as the official paper of the Association for two years. At that time it was purchased by W. W. C. Wilson, of Montreal, who conveyed it as a gift by a deed of trust to the Board of Governors of the A. N. A.

In this issue is also announced the death of DeWitt S. Smith, of Lee, Mass., one of the most noted numismatists of the world.

The department devoted to the A. N. A. contained the names of eight applicants for membership.

THE NUMISMATIST

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

Founded 1888 by Dr. George F. Heath.

OFFICIAL MAGAZINE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION.

Publication Office: Federalsburg, Md.

FRANK G. DUFFIELD, Editor and Bus. Mgr., 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

An Illustrated Monthly, devoted to Coins, Medals and Paper Money.

All Manuscripts should be sent to the Editor not later than the 10th of each month to insure publication in the next issue.

The Numismatist will be published promptly on the 1st of each month.

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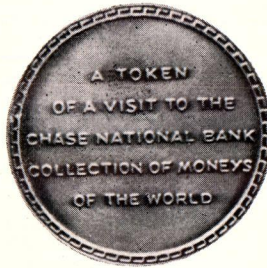
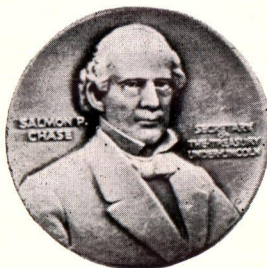
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All matters pertaining to advertising should be addressed to, and all checks, money orders, etc., made payable to F. G. Duffield, Business Manager, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

CHASE NATIONAL BANK ISSUES TOKEN.

An attractive token in light bronze has been issued by the Chase National Bank, New York City, a specimen of which is presented to each visitor from a distance to the bank's collection of moneys of the world.



The obverse bears a bust portrait of Salmon P. Chase. The inscription, separated by the portrait, is "Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury Under Lincoln." The reverse has the inscription, "A Token of a Visit to the Chase National Bank Collection of Moneys of the World," within an ornamental border. It was in honor of Secretary of the Treasury Chase that the bank was so named.

A TOKEN BY THE MONTANA SILVER ASSOCIATION.

Another piece has been added to the group of silver slugs or tokens from the Silver West. The latest is from Helena, Mont., and is issued by the Montana Silver Association. The piece is illustrated here.

The object in issuing this token is set forth in a circular of the association, which reads in part as follows:

"The business and objects of the Silver Association, working in conjunction with similar organizations in other States, are:

"To unite and encourage, through organization, those who believe in the restoration of silver in the monetary system of the United States and other leading powers throughout the world;



"To collect and disseminate information on the silver subject; to bring united and effective action in every legitimate way for the purpose of bringing about the enactment of appropriate legislation to further the use of silver in our national currency;

"To seek coordination in any and all organizations representing various branches of industry, crafts, professions and commerce, which would be directly or indirectly benefited by the restoration of silver and thereby provide employment for thousands of miners, as well as thousands of others engaged in the production of timber, oil, coal, explosives and other supplies, which in turn would call for greater employment of those engaged in the transportation of the ores, concentrates, bullion and in addition the great volume of supplies enumerated as essential to the mining industry."

Membership in the association is \$1, and each member is given one of the silver tokens, which contains a full troy ounce of silver and costs the association about 45 cents. The balance of the proceeds provides a campaign and publicity fund to carry out the objects of the association.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Czecho-Slovakia—On May 2 Czecho-Slovakia put the new 25-heller pieces in circulation, a denomination that has not heretofore been coined. The new coin consists of 80 per cent. copper and 20 per cent. nickel, has a diameter of 21 mm. and weighs four grams. The edges have a widely spaced reeding to avoid mistaking them for the 20 and 50 heller pieces. The de-



signer is Prof. Ottokar Spaniel (O. S.), who has designed all other coins of Czecho-Slovakia. An issue of 30 to 40 million pieces is planned. (This information comes from Richard Guber, Neuern, Czecho-Slovakia.)

Brooklyn, N. Y.

ERNST KRAUS.

LINCOLN MEDAL FOR THE CENTURY OF PROGRESS FAIR.

A specimen of a Lincoln medal or paper weight to be distributed at the Chicago Century of Progress Exposition has been sent to us by Mrs. Thelma M. Miller, Chicago, A. N. A. No. 4034, for illustration.



The medal measures $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter and is over a quarter of an inch in thickness. The obverse has a bearded head of Lincoln. Above, on a raised border, "Abraham Lincoln." Below, "Born February 12, 1809. Died April 15, 1865." (All lettering incuse.) The reverse has Lincoln's Gettysburg address (in relief). Above and below, on a raised border, "The Gettysburg Address. November 19, 1863 (incuse)."

The medal was issued by F. H. Noble & Co., to be sold at the Lincoln exhibit at the exposition. The head of Lincoln was originally sculptured by a German artist and sent to Noble & Co. several years ago and has appeared on several medals made by this firm in the past. It is made with two finishes, silvered or bronzed.

ROYAL SWEDISH ACADEMY MEDAL, 1932.

The academy's anniversary medal for 1932 was struck in honor of Johan Hadorph, Government archaeologist and antiquarian and founder of the Antiquarian College, and who probably was Sweden's earliest archaeologist.

The obverse shows his portrait, with inscription, "Johan Hadorph. Nat. MDCXXX." below.



MDCXXX. Ob. MDCXCIII." The reverse shows a Phoenix rising from a vatum (rejuvenation founded on research), between "Renova Bitur," with "Cop. 1932" below. Above is the sun, crowned. Surrounding all is the inscription, "Collegii, Sigilvm Regii Antiquitatum," within an ornamental border. The medal was designed by the sculptor, Erik Lindberg, and measures 45 mm. (See The Numismatist, October, 1932, page 655.) J. deL.

RICHARD WAGNER COMMEMORATIVE MEDAL, 1933.

The firm of Muller & Sohn, Munich, Germany, has recently issued a medal commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Richard Wagner. The medal is illustrated here. It is struck in silver and gold.



The designs are by Josef Bernhart, of Munich. The obverse has the head of Wagner. The reverse has a half-length of Hans Sachs. The firm issuing the medal states that each piece is cast separately from the original stone model, and that just to be different with this cast medal they are abandoning the usual procedure of striking pieces in imitation of coins, although the cost of cast pieces is higher than that of struck pieces.

CORRECTION.

The following letter from O. P. Eklund, Spokane, Wash., explains itself: "I have the May number of The Numismatist and I note that I made a very foolish error in sending you a coin of Salzburg for illustration of the

**Transylvania—Maria Theresa, 1740-1780—No. 152.**

Transylvania coin, No. 152. It was my fault, and if you wish to correct it, I send herewith the correct coin for reproduction. If you do, please state that the error was mine, not yours. This coin is not easy to attribute by beginners."

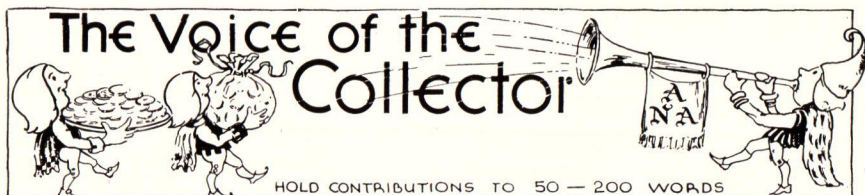
A NEWS ITEM FROM THE CENTURY OF PROGRESS FAIR.

The following news item clipped from a Chicago newspaper shows that a very considerable number of the Stone Mountain commemorative half dollars are still unsold:

"When the Georgia exhibit opens next Sunday 300,000 Stone Mountain half dollars will be placed on sale for \$1 each. They were made at the Philadelphia mint and the proceeds will go to the completion of the Confederate Memorial at Stone Mountain. According to Virgil W. Shepherd, of the Georgia exhibit, they expect to sell 3,000,000 of them. Proceeds of the sale will be sufficient to complete the work."

MOST ANYTHING IS LEGAL TENDER IN THESE DAYS.

Olney, Texas, is inflating with "rabbit-tail" currency. To encourage widespread participation in jackrabbit drives for the relief of farmers, merchants donated merchandise which was auctioned with rabbit tails as the only legal tender.



Coin Collectors vs. Stamp Collectors.

I was very much interested in a comment in the May issue of *The Numismatist* by Mr. Boyer regarding the relative numbers of coin and stamp collectors. There are both advantages and disadvantages in this situation. One advantage is that because coin collectors are not so common the enterprising and persistent sleuth can occasionally run across some very attractive coins in old farmhouses, etc., where they have been hidden for years. Another advantage is that as interest is stimulated the demand for really fine coins and scarce ones will increase. For example, some day half-dime mint marks may be worth real money.

A great disadvantage is that, being so limited in numbers, the market for coins is likewise limited. It is surprising to me that so many dealers in coins are able to stay in business with such a limited field, and that so many local clubs are in healthy, active condition despite active memberships limited to 10 or a dozen, or less—evidence of the interest in numismatics and the hold it gets on a collector!

Surely one reason for the limited number of collectors is the difficulty in acquiring a large number of dirt cheap coins as a starter. A youngster can start off with 2,000 stamps for a dollar, all different. Can he in coins? Also, and more important, there is the difficulty in display. Few collectors are content to wrap their choice specimens in paper, put them in envelopes and stick them in a drawer. There is no simple way of displaying a group of coins in a small space without considerable ingenuity or expense, or both. There are the "coin holders," but for the beginner they are a pretty steep investment. I believe the A. N. A. could do more to stimulate interest in numismatics than in any other way by designing and having available in dealers' hands an inexpensive cabinet, of heavy, reinforced box board, with two or three drawers, in unit style, so that additional units might be added. An enterprising manufacturer of paper products might try it. Certainly each cabinet with space for a good many coins could be turned out for a dollar or two. Expensive wooden trays with glass covers, et al., could come later. Has anybody any further ideas?

FREDERICK B. TAYLOR.

Boston, Mass., June 2.

The Younger Numismatists.

During the auction at the A. N. A. Los Angeles convention last year it was my pleasure to be introduced to a young boy of 13 or 14 years of age, Leslie August, of Alhambra, Cal. With his parents he attended the auction, made a number of bids and had several lots knocked down to him by the auctioneer, the late John M. Kean. During the months that have followed we have corresponded, and it has been a pleasure to note his interest in coins. Imagine my great surprise and joy in receiving the following letter from him: "A few days ago Alhambra had a hobby show for boys and girls. Of course I entered my coins and minerals. I did not expect to win any prize on my coins, for there were 17 other contestants with very fine exhibits of coins also. You can imagine how very much surprised I was to have won second prize in display, first prize for minerals and first prize in coins."

If that doesn't sound good I do not know what does. It shows that there is a great deal of interest among the boys and girls in our subject, and it is going to be up to every one of us to see that this interest is fostered and kept alive, because we are going to need that material very much some years from now. Haven't you some copper duplicates that can be distributed

to make a start for a young collector? I find that illustrated catalogs also go over big, even if they are in foreign languages. Sow the seed in your territory. At any rate, let's give Leslie August, of Alhambra, Cal., a great big hand.

HARVEY L. HANSEN.

The Numismatist Appreciated in Far-Off New Zealand.

During the short time the New Zealand Numismatic Society has been receiving *The Numismatist* I have read therein several criticisms of that fine journal. Some of these critics seem to imagine that the journal was written for them alone and disregard the fact that it has a world-wide circulation.

Others wish that the Descriptive List of Obsolete Paper Money be omitted on the grounds that it is of interest to only a very few. This article does not interest me in the least, yet I do not rave against it; I just pass it over, fully aware that it must be studied by some, otherwise it would not be there.

Another section of your members or readers object to the publication of descriptions of displays given at numismatic meetings. It seems strange to me that there is even one collector who does not want to know what a fellow collector has to show, except, perhaps once a year after some convention or other. I read all the reports of meetings and often it is that I ponder over the coins exhibited, coins that perhaps I will never see, let alone possess.

I generally read the advertisements first, and it may interest you to know that I got in touch with some of my best U. S. A. correspondents through coin advertisements.

I cannot say in what manner *The Numismatist* could be improved, but I know you cannot please everyone at the same time, so I cannot see why an attempt should be made to alter the journal from its present make-up. Surely your critics do not want you to issue a numismatic text-book monthly for 25c. In conclusion, I must say that I am quite satisfied with *The Numismatist* as it is, although I would like to see more advertisements quoting foreign coins for sale, but I am aware that the journal is primarily intended for the American collector.

ALEX. F. M. PATERSON.

Timaru, New Zealand, May 12.

Mr. King Picks Up a Freak Bank Note.

A very fine specimen of an uncompleted copy of the current national currency notes has just passed into my possession. I send a description for those interested in such things. The note is for five dollars, Series of 1929. On the face of this note the name of the bank, the number of the bank, and the fac-simile signatures at both right and left hand lower corners have been omitted. Local Secret Service operatives examined the note at my request and pronounced it O. K. in every way, except for the omissions noted. At first I thought perhaps part of the note had been bleached out to permit counterfeiters raising same from a five to a fifty, but under their powerful glass it was at once discernible that nothing of the sort had occurred.

E. A. KING,

A. N. A. No. 3022.

Peoples Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Loomis Counterstamp.

I have been very much interested in Mr. Cederlund's article in the June issue of *The Numismatist* regarding the French ecu bearing counterstamps of G. Loomis & Co. and G. Loomis, Erie.

Upon making a research I find that Guy Loomis came to Erie about 1837 or thereabouts. Cannot say just when he embarked in the jewelry business. The earliest Erie City Directory we have is dated 1853-4. This gives the name of "Loomis, Guy, jeweler, 4 Brown's Block, house North 6th, 5th below Holland." The next issue, (1854-5) indicates he was doing business from his residence on east 6th Street, having given up his place of business in the Brown Block. The directory of 1859-60 lists him as doing business on State Street, 3rd, above 5th St., and this continues until the early 70's with only one variation, one directory listing him as "a traveling jeweler."

The Erie Observer, issue of September 23, 1874, contains the following

death notice: "On the 20th inst., at Windsor, Conn., Capt. Guy Loomis, in his 80th year, for past 37 years a resident of this city."

The stamping evidently antedates the earliest directory I have, as there is no mention made of any company in that or any later issue. In the 1853 directory he has quite an advertisement, "Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc., also Manufacturer of Silver Spoons." The stamp on Mr. Cederlund's coin was evidently the stamp used in placing his name on the back of the handles of the spoons he made. I do not believe it had any significance in so far as this particular coin is concerned.

ROBERT P. KING.

Erie, Pa., June 6, 1933.

Round-Table Discussions.

In the June, 1933, issue of *The Numismatist*, on page 391, under the heading of "A Little News From President Boyer," there appears a sub-heading entitled "Harvey L. Hansen Speaks." It deals with round-table discussions at the A. N. A. conventions, but seeing that the previous communication has not been quoted, it seems necessary for me to ask my friend Mr. Duffield to print my earlier communication, which was as follows:

"Memorandum to President Boyer and Chairman of the Board Thorson: At the Los Angeles convention the writer had some discussion with Dr. Pradeau, Mr. Carey and Mr. Zerbe regarding the possibility of giving the annual conventions an additional educational feature. It was thought that perhaps some of the entertainment features could be eliminated and that an afternoon or evening, or both, could be set aside for organized round-table discussions of numismatic problems under the various collection headings. It was my idea to have the President appoint, before the convention, leaders for each group, who would be responsible for getting together their group at the appointed time. These groups could be divided as follows: (a) Greek and Roman Coins, (b) American Coins, (c) Foreign Coins, (d) Paper Money, (e) Decorations and Medals. Any other group could be added if it was found that there was sufficient interest. The leader of each group could start off the discussion, and I have no doubt that much of interest would develop, a summary of which could be printed in *The Numismatist*.

"The papers that are usually read to the entire convention could also be apportioned out to the proper group and could be read there and then published. There is no doubt that many of the papers read at conventions are only of interest to specialists, and the group would be the ideal place for them to be read and discussed. Personally I feel that a plan of this kind would officially get the members together who are interested in the collection of certain things within the wide field of numismatics, and I therefore submit it for your kind consideration and action."

In a reply received from Mr. Thorson he seemed to think that most of the members who attended the convention wanted all the entertainment they could get and that most of the members interested in certain sections of the subject would get together anyway. My friends Duffield and Zerbe seemed to be of the same opinion, and from President Boyer I did not receive any definite reply, no doubt because he had already seen a copy of Mr. Thorson's answer to me. And for the present I would have been content to let the matter rest because I have attended only one convention, and then, I value the expressions on the part of my fellow officers and friends. But seeing that President Boyer printed my last letter without the first, it has of course been necessary to explain what it is all about. I still feel that the plan has great possibilities if properly directed. It will have a tendency to give a more scientific trend to the convention, and the information of the men whose opinions we value along the line of our collection specialty will be made available for all in the same line. When I discussed the plan with the members of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society they were very much in favor of it and readily gave it their endorsement. In fact, we are going to try it out at the Far Western Numismatic Convention here in San Francisco during the month of October. It may not be possible to work out this plan for the coming A. N. A. convention, but I should like to see the Chicago convention go on record as favoring this step, so that future conventions can have the benefit of round-table discussions in accordance with my plan or some modification thereof.

HARVEY L. HANSEN.

Correction.

In the letter of Ex-President Carl Wurtzbach, published in last month's "Voice," were two inaccuracies, which he desires to correct. The first is the date of the Bushnell sale, which was held in 1882 instead of 1885. The second is that the unique Washington half dollar in the Jackman sale brought \$1100 instead of \$1000.

DALLAS COIN CLUB CELEBRATES FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

The Dallas Coin Club celebrated its fifth anniversary with a dinner at the Baker Hotel, Thursday night, May 25. W. A. Philpott, Jr., one of the founders of the club, was host. After the dinner the evening was spent in relating how each member became interested in coin collecting and finally became a member of the Dallas Coin Club. A photograph was taken of the group, which includes (seated reading from left to right) Chester Brooks, vice-



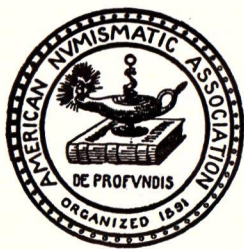
president; C. A. McGlamery, president; W. F. Schultz, secretary-treasurer. Standing, Messrs. Philpott, Parker, Cupp, Lloyd, Harris, Bowman, Marr, Joyner, Price, Conover and M. C. Brooks. Members not present and in the picture were Messrs. Boozer, Holliday, Russ and Cassidy.

Exhibits for the evening included U. S. bank notes autographed by Daniel L. Morgan and Wm. G. McAdoo, and necessity money and scrip dating back to Civil War days.

W. F. SCHULTZ, Secretary.

CANADIAN SCRIP ISSUE RUNS AFOUL THE LAW.

A new development on the scrip front has thrown a bombshell into the finance committees of the few towns or municipalities in western Canada who have issued scrip or had planned an issue of scrip. It appears that a Calgary citizen found a forgotten section in the Canadian bank act which provides a penalty of \$400 against persons issuing instruments intended to act as substitutes for money and has entered an action against the town of Magrath, Alberta. Allegedly suing for himself "as well as His Majesty the King in the public uses of the Dominion of Canada," the Calgary man is claiming the \$400. The town of Magrath in a blanket denial has filed a defense in which it says that if it issued any instruments in writing, they were not intended to be used as money. The case, which is probably the first of its kind in the history of Canada, is being watched with interest.—The Burroughs Magazine.



American Numismatic Association

Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States May 9, 1912.

The annual dues are \$1.00 yearly. Subscription to THE NUMISMATIST, \$2.00 yearly, both payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. Total, \$3.00. For particulars address the General Secretary.

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Official Magazine: THE NUMISMATIST.

F. G. DUFFIELD, Editor and Business Manager,
 Publication Office, Federalsburg, Md.
 Editorial and General Offices, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

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 ZUG, JOHN—Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia—Bowie, Md.

American Numismatic Association

REPORT OF GENERAL SECRETARY.

New Members to be Admitted July 1, 1933.

- 4270 M. L. Cady, Fox Lake, Wis.
 4271 George R. Cooke, 830 Humble Bldg., Houston, Texas.
 4272 E. D. Krachey, 1520 El Rito Avenue, Glendale, Cal.
 4273 Charles F. O'Malley, 211 Central Avenue, Rahway, N. J.
 4274 H. V. Monroe, 309 Spring Street, Piqua, Ohio.
 4275 Alfred Z. Reed, 957 Park Avenue, New York, N. Y.
 4276 W. E. R. Moore, 110 Barrett Street, Schenectady, N. Y.
 4277 C. H. McCullough, 195 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
 4278 Emanuel Alexandre, 500 Riverside Drive, New York, N. Y.
 4279 Alfred Durand Norris, Hildale Road, Villanova, Pa.
 4280 Harlan F. Hirsch, 2240 Central Avenue, Dubuque, Iowa.
 4281 J. H. Robinson, 329 West Main Street, Denison, Texas.
 4282 Clayton R. Page, 323 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 4283 M. C. Jackson, Jr., 130 Marshall Street, Petersburg, Va.
 4284 A. Murl Kimmel, Robinson, Kan.
 4285 Ferdinand Mueller, 435 South Washington Street, Tiffin, Ohio.
 4286 Philip H. Chase, 125 Levering Mill Road, Bala-Cynwyd, Pa.
 4287 W. E. Lettsome, 2590 East 20th Street, Racine, Wis.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received prior to June 10, 1933. If no objections are received prior to August 1, 1933, the applicants will become members on that date and their names will be published in the August issue of The Numismatist.

Applicant	Proposed by
Frank M. Schmidt (General), 204 Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City, N. Y.	Rollo E. Gilmore Harry T. Wilson
Stanley James Roy (U. S. Coins and Paper Money), 2052 Cornell Road, Cleveland, Ohio	Jos. F. Sawicki Harley L. Freeman
John Tidd (General), 1377 East 9th St., Cleveland, Ohio	Harley L. Freeman Western Reserve Numismatic Club
George L. Estes (Old Scrip. Cents and Gold Coins), 107 East Main Street, Cuba, N. Y.	Harry T. Wilson J. Henri Ripstra
Isidore Goldner (General, North and South America) 137-A Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.	Moritz Wormser Harry T. Wilson
Samuel Herbert McVitty (United States of America), Ridgewood Farm, Salem, Va.	Moritz Wormser Harry T. Wilson
Louis F. Gardella (U. S. Coins and Paper Money), 42 Asylum Street, Hartford, Conn.	George L. Tilden Frank G. Duffield
William P. Donlon (U. S. Gold, Silver and Copper Coins), 603 Washington Street, Utica, N. Y.	Barney Bluestone Harry T. Wilson
Horace E. Rhoads (United States Coins and Currency), P. O. Box 1, La Jolla, Cal.	Harry T. Wilson J. Henri Ripstra
Leroy M. Bird (Gold and Silver Coins), 504 Highland Drive, Wenatchee, Wash.	A. E. Heintz Harry T. Wilson
Dalice T. Robbins (United States Coins), 250 East 62nd Street, New York, N. Y.	Howland Wood Harry T. Wilson
George J. Tourek (American Coins), 4111 West 22nd Street, Chicago, Ill.	Harry T. Wilson J. Henri Ripstra
George S. Batterson (Unc. U. S. Coins and Paper Money), 27 Charter Oak Place, Hartford, Conn.	Julius Guttat F. A. Livingston
Robert Myers (United States Silver Coins), 403 Pittman Place, Baltimore, Md.	Robert T. Creamer, Jr. Frank G. Duffield
William Snowdon Dewey (United States Coins), 735 East 242nd Street, New York, N. Y.	K. L. E. Marsden F. C. C. Boyd
William G. Rayson (Great Britain), 536 Arlington Place, Chicago, Ill.	Harry T. Wilson C. E. Green
Philip G. Sutton (Varied and sundry), 3945 Crawford Avenue, Chicago, Ill.	C. S. Carlson Harry T. Wilson

Clarence C. Saeman (United States Type Coins),	Harry T. Wilson
4323 Brooklyn Avenue, Seattle, Wash.	J. Henri Ripstra
Edgar G. Bell (General),	Charles H. Fisher
3409 Trumbull Ave., Cleveland, O.	Western Reserve Numismatic Club
Thomas R. Malin (Coins in General),	Harry T. Wilson
Standard, La.	J. Henri Ripstra

I wish to report the deaths of two of our good members. The following have passed away since last report:

Mr. Bernard W. Wacker, Yreka, Siskiyou Co., Cal.

Mr. Harry J. Piel, 2707 Sixth Street, Ocean Park, Cal.

Changes of Address.

Reece A. Oliver, from Malaybalay, Bukidnon, Philippine Islands, to Akron, Ind.

John G. Watson, from 13663 Cedar Grove Avenue, Detroit, Mich., to 19223 Maple View Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

William M. Feeley, from 59 West 90th Street, New York, N. Y., to 3729 104th Street, Corona, L. I., N. Y.

Wilton R. Dudley, from 5925 Bryn Mawr Avenue, Chicago, Ill., to 5054 North Lincoln Street, Chicago, Ill.

Paul D. Burks, from 133 North Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal., to 4154 South Hobart Blvd., Los Angeles, Cal.

A. F. McCrory, from 214 East 13th Avenue, Columbus, Ohio, to 2206 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Rabbi Abraham Bengis, from 1301 South 22nd Street, Birmingham, Ala., to Moodus, Conn.

President Alden Scott Boyer, from 201 East Chestnut Street, Chicago, Ill., to 233 East Walton Place, Ft. Dearborn Station, Chicago, Ill.

Virgil E. Hermsdorfer, from 201 South Blvd., Tampa, Fla., to 1415 South Armstrong Street, Kokomo, Ind.

Malcolm Storer, M. D., from 380 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass., to Islesford, Maine.

Henry Russell Drowne, from 54 Pearl Street, New York, N. Y., to Atlantic Highlands, N. Y.

Bert Brownell, from 11 Woodlawn Avenue, Fairport, N. Y., to 30 Zaundale Terrace, Rochester, N. Y.

Judge Joseph F. Sawicki, from 1504 East 107th Street, Cleveland, Ohio, to 11900 Carlton Road, Station E, Cleveland, Ohio.

Harold L. Peek, from 310 Hawthorne Lane, Apt. 102, Charlotte, N. C., to 2439 Selwyn Avenue, North, Charlotte, N. C.

Charles S. Manning, from 7227 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., to 4800 Ellsworth Avenue, Oakland Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Barnard N. Bluestone, from 117 Cumberland Avenue, Syracuse, N. Y., to 165 East Onondaga Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Ernest Cerny, from 2023 Lafayette St., Denver, Col., to P. O. Box 111, Denver, Col.

HARRY T. WILSON, General Secretary.

NEW ADDITIONS TO THE A. N. A. LIBRARY.

The following books have been purchased for the Library in recent sales:

Gilbert-Elder, "United States Cents of 1796," 1909. Plates.

Gutttag Bros, reprint of "Low's Hard Times Tokens." Illus.

Gilbert, E., "United States Half Cents," 1916. Plates.

Betts, C. W., "American Colonial History Illustrated by Contemporary Medals." Illus. 1894.

The following have been presented to the Library by F. D. Langenheim, of Philadelphia.

Campbell, Walter, "Roman Plated Coins." N. Y., 1933. A. N. S., N. and M. No. 57.

Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Brazilian Numismatic Society's publication.

These books are all on the unrestricted list and may be loaned to any member in good standing, who will make application for the same to Secretary Wilson.

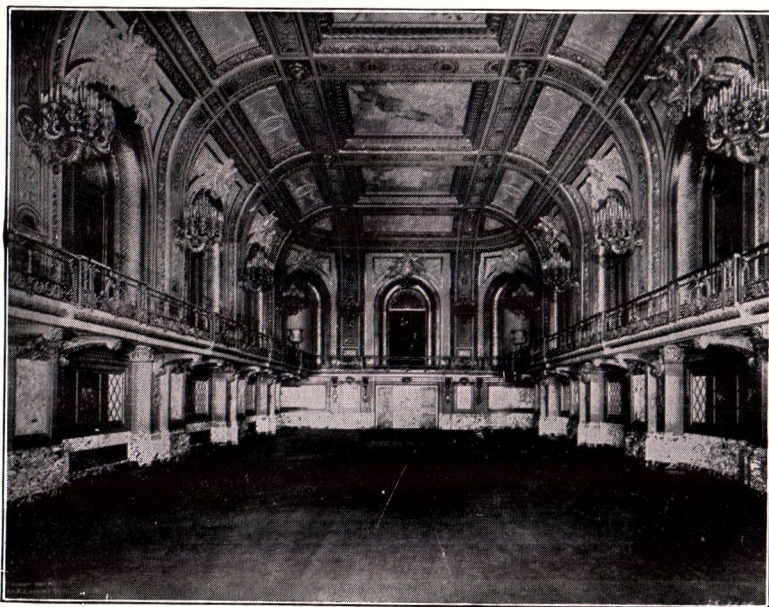
CHARLES W. FOSTER, Librarian.

The Chicago Convention of the A. N. A.

AUGUST 26 TO 31, 1933.

By ROLLO E. GILMORE, Chicago.

The Board of Governors and the members of the American Numismatic Association have signified their intention of holding the annual convention of the American Numismatic Association in Chicago on August 26 to 31, inclusive. The Chicago Coin Club welcomes you as their guest for this occasion and to "A Century of Progress," which you know is one of the finest examples of scientific and educational exhibitions ever known. If you are planning to attend, you should, first of all, make reservations by writing Miss Cummings, care of the Congress Hotel, Chicago, which will be the official headquarters, stating the kind of accommodations you want and the time you will arrive. The rates will not be boosted. For four people, two in a room, bath, \$2.50 apiece. Rates \$2.50 to \$5.50. Make reservations early.



Gold Room, Congress Hotel.

Saturday, August 26th, will be the day when old acquaintances are renewed and new ones made. Also the time when the General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, will expect you to sign his registration book, which is the official record of the attendance. At this time you will also want to register with the local Convention Committee and obtain the book of tickets which entitles you to the handsome convention badge, executed by Henri Ripstra; the smoker; ticket to "A Century of Progress," busses to and from the Taft Studio; busses to and from the Chicago Historical Society; the A. N. A. banquet, etc., all for the nominal sum of \$6 per person. Any extra banquet tickets will be \$2.50. The convention badges will not be sold separately until the convention is over, when they will sell for \$1. On Saturday you will have an opportunity to install your exhibit, if you should bring one, where ample cases are being provided in the large, well-guarded Florentine Room of the Congress Hotel. If you do not care to bring an exhibit, you

may watch the others install theirs and be sorry later that you are not one of the exhibitors.

You know that the exhibits have always been a feature of the A. N. A. conventions, and this one is expected to excell all others. Many well-known numismatists have signified their intention of bringing out many rarities and surprises. The finest and prized coins of the American continent are to be exhibited there and each one will have an opportunity to display his prized specimens or entire series, if he desires. We are assured of 20 large cases owned by the A. N. A., and probably the equivalent in cases owned by our president, Alden Scott Boyer. All cases will be provided with locks. The exhibit room will be placed under armed guard both night and day.

A get-together and smoker will be held at 8 P. M. on Saturday evening, with entertainment arranged by the local entertainment committee. You may be assured that this will be worth while attending. In addition, a special radio broadcast by a prominent numismatist will take place over one of the Chicago stations. Details will be announced later.

Sunday morning will be left open. Those who care to, can then attend church. There are churches of all denominations within walking distance of the convention headquarters. On Sunday afternoon and evening, if they wish, the members may take in "A Century of Progress" or the Field Muse-



Florentine Room, Congress Hotel.

um. This alone will afford ample entertainment, as we believe the exposition possesses a charm and fascination different from the everyday world and far different from any other previous exposition. The exposition grounds are located within walking distance of the official headquarters of the A. N. A. at the Congress Hotel. Don't fail to see the world-famous Buckingham Fountain, costing nearly a million dollars, located in Grant Park opposite the Congress Hotel. The Aquarium is interesting and is located near the entrance to "A Century of Progress."

At "A Century of Progress" you will see a new style of architecture development and unique color and lighting creations and a history of human progress. The exhibits themselves are of a more scientific and educational nature than has been the custom of previous expositions. You will find here the Science Building, Transportation Building, Electrical Exhibits Building, Agricultural Building, the Court of States Building, General Motors Building, the Sears-Roebuck Building, Illinois Host Building, Hall of Religion, Hollywood, the Planetarium, as well as hundreds of other buildings and smaller exhibits and concessions that spread along the lake front from Roosevelt Road, or 12th Street, south to 39th Street. To the children,

the enchanted island or the midway will afford much delight, or possibly the bathing beach. Also the South Pole expedition ship, the submarine, a trip with the Italian gondoliers over the pretty lagoon about dusk, a trip in the hydroplane over the city, or a few hours on the old type "Showboat"—the one our worthy toastmaster, Elmer Sears, won the "pillow cushion" on when this same boat was moored in the Ohio river.

Of special interest to us as numismatists will be the Federal Hall section of the Court of States Building, located on what is known as Northerly Island, which in addition to numerous other exhibits includes an exhibit by the Mint and Bureau of Engraving. At the U. S. Mint exhibit they have the original coining press used during George Washington's time, when the first U. S. coins, "disme" and "half-disme," were coined from the silver plate of Martha Washington. You will also see the latest design of coining press as now used at the mint in operation. The U. S. Bureau of Engraving demonstrates before you the making of engraved certificates, and you may see on the walls immediately surrounding same, framed exhibits of various denominations of bills from the time the Government first made fractional currency up to current bills, also postage stamps. At this exhibit you will be afforded an opportunity of seeing all denominations of paper money, including a "scarcity" to most of us—a million-dollar bill, which we would all like to collect. Many will visit Hobbies booth on the south bridge connecting the mainland to Northerly Isle, as operated by the Lightner Publishing Company. Coins, antiques, stamps, Indian relics, autographs, curios, etc., are sold here.

At 10 A. M. Monday morning and at 2 P. M. in the afternoon, will be held the business sessions." The ladies will be the guests of Mrs. Alden Scott Boyer, convening at 11 A. M. at the Boyer Building, 2700 South Wabash avenue, where a luncheon will be given and a tour made through the plant, where all kinds of cosmetics are made. In the evening at 8 a round-table discussion on coins will be held.

A business session and nomination of officers will be held on Tuesday morning. At 12 noon promptly, the official convention photograph is to be taken in the park across the boulevard from the Congress Hotel. In the afternoon, promptly at 1.30, busses will leave the Congress Hotel at Congress Street entrance to visit the grounds and University of Chicago, and to the noted Lorado Taft Studios of Sculpture under the personal guidance of Mr. Taft. We will pass through some of Chicago's noted parks on this trip. On Tuesday evening, a public auction of coins will be held in the Florentine Room of the Congress Hotel under the auspices of Member Rollo B. Gilmore, of The Koin-X-Change Shop, where the men will be bidding against each other for the prized possessions.

On Wednesday morning at 10 A. M., a business session and annual election of officers will be held. At 12 noon a luncheon for the ladies will be held at the Congress Hotel. On Wednesday afternoon, busses will leave the Congress Hotel at the Congress Street entrance, promptly at 1.30 for a visit to the new home of the Chicago Historical Society at the northwest corner of Lincoln Park, viewing among its fine exhibits an excellent collection of coins, medals and paper money. The A. N. A. badges will admit us free at any time to the Chicago Historical Society. This has been arranged for by the curator, Henri Ripstra, the president of the Chicago Coin Club. In the evening at 7 the annual banquet of the A. N. A. will be held in the Gold Room of the Congress Hotel, where we will hear from our genial toastmaster, Elmer Sears. Don't fail to attend. Make reservations for yourself and guests.

On Thursday morning at 10 a short business session will be held, and the afternoon and evening will be open for round-table discussions on coins, or as you wish, making further visits to "A Century of Progress" or depart for home. Tell your friends about the coin exhibition. You are again urged not to forget to bring an exhibit.

CONVENTION PROGRAM.

Saturday, August 26th.

Registration with General Secretary at Headquarters, Congress Hotel.
Installation of exhibits.

Evening, 8 P. M., "get-together" meeting for ladies and gentlemen at Congress Hotel.

Sunday, August 27th.

Morning, attendance at church. Fine representative churches within walking distance from the Hotel.

Afternoon and evening, Visit to "A Century of Progress" (not as a group). One World's Fair ticket given free with each convention book. Also one ticket for the "sky ride." Free fireworks and spectacular lighting in the evening. Eighty-two miles of free exhibits. Entrance is a short walk from the Congress Hotel.

Monday, August 28th.

10 A. M., Congress Hotel, business session. Address of welcome by the Mayor of the City of Chicago.

11 A. M., Ladies will be guests of Mrs. Alden Scott Boyer. Visit to the Boyer Perfume Factory. Luncheon at the Boyer Building, 2700 South Wabash Avenue.

8 P. M., Evening, round-table discussion, Congress Hotel.

Tuesday, August 29th.

10 A. M., business session, nomination of officers.

1.30 P. M., visit to Lorado Taft Studio of Sculpture by bus from Congress Hotel. Tea to be served.

8.00 P. M., auction sale of coins, Rollo E. Gilmore, cataloguer and sale director.

Wednesday, August 30th.

10.00 A. M., business session, election of officers.

12.00 noon, convention photograph opposite Congress Hotel.

1.30 P. M., visit to the Chicago Historical Society. Lecture in the coin room by Henri Ripstra (president Chicago Coin Club), curator of the numismatic and philatelic division.

7.00 P. M., banquet, Congress Hotel Gold Room.

Thursday, August 31st.

10.00 A. M., final business session.

Summary of Information.

Price of ticket books will be \$6, with World's Fair tickets.

Admittance free at any time to the Chicago Historical Society to collectors wearing A. N. A. badges.

Hotel rates at Congress Hotel, \$2.50 to \$5.50 per day. Reservations must be made in advance by letter on account of "A Century of Progress." Mention A. N. A. Convention when writing. Mark letter for Miss Cummings.

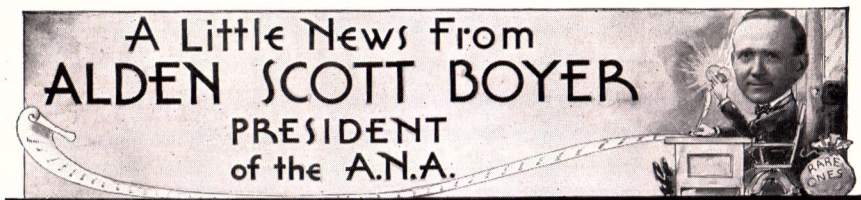
Radio broadcasts will be announced in the Exhibition Room.

Mrs. Boyer will give a tea for the ladies of the A. N. A. in her new home at 233 East Walton Place.

A SOUVENIR OF THE MONTREAL CONVENTION OF 1909.

An interesting souvenir of the Montreal Convention of the A. N. A. of 1909 has been received by us from Raymond L. Caldwell, of Lancaster, Pa., and the recent death of Ludger Gravel, of Montreal, prompted Mr. Caldwell to send it. The souvenir is a menu card of the banquet at that convention—the menu placed at Mr. Gravel's chair at the head of the banquet table—and which he passed down the table for the autographs of those present. The names of 30 members appear on the back of the card, with Mr. Gravel's name at the top.

Mr. Caldwell says the card came into his possession some years ago in a large lot of back numbers of The Numismatist he had purchased while trying to get a complete file of the magazine, but he cannot recall from whom the lot was purchased.



Convention Papers.

Those having papers to be read at the A. N. A. convention and not coming to the convention, send them to Harry T. Wilson, General Secretary. Those coming and having papers, advise Harry, also.

The "Century of Progress."

Collectors coming to the convention this year will see a grand sight here in Chicago. The World's Fair is a "knockout." Yes, it is.

Foster Lardner.

Foster Lardner, the magician who has done his tricks many times for A. N. A. conventions, writes that he hopes again to be with us this year.

B. Max Mehl.

Max Mehl is on the "big time" chain broadcasting hook-ups with coin talks. Max is looking for coins. By this system and by publication advertising Max has located some of the world's greatest rarities that have been hidden away in drawers, boxes, etc.

Max's broadcasts should stimulate coin collecting. That's what we need. A little "drama" is necessary to get people interested, and Max knows how to do drama.

Out-of-Town Coin Dealers in Chicago.

I heard that there are two great numismatists here in town. I don't know what they are doing here, but I'll bet they have a collection in sight or something of the sort.

Chicago Coin Club.

At the June meeting of the Chicago Coin Club members were occupied principally by making arrangements for the A. N. A. convention. The C. C. C. is in fine financial condition and has a large cash reserve. Well, coin clubs should have "coin," shouldn't they?

Cheaper Hotel Rooms for the Convention.

I visited this morning the Hotel Berkley, at Eighteenth and Michigan avenue, at the gateway to the World's Fair. The manager showed me rooms for two people for \$10 a week with my introduction (\$12 without), and for one person a room costs \$7 a week. For those who don't want to spend much money while in Chicago I recommend this as a good hotel. It is in a good location for the World's Fair (walking distance). Meals in the Berkley Restaurant cost 40 to 60 cents. So you see, Chicago does not have to be so expensive after all.

"I'll Be Seeing You."

I want to meet all A. N. A. members and collectors who come to Chicago this summer. Be sure to call on me. I want to at least shake your hand, so I can say that I know you.

"Our Presidents."

With the convention of the A. N. A. in August ends my term as President of the Association. I have held many offices in the A. N. A. I have received

more honor than I feel should have been bestowed upon me. With this I pass the office on to another collector. To whom, I do not know, but I hope it will be someone with the spirit of "Go Forward" in his heart. We have had some great Presidents in the A. N. A.—Dr. Henderson, Charley Markus, Moritz Wormser, Farran Zerbe, Frank Duffield, Judson Brenner, Carl Wurtzbach, Waldo Moore, Harry Yawger, George Bauer. All of these, I knew or know personally. All did their job well, but Moritz Wormser, of New York—what a President he was—what a President! For five years he devoted his time, his efforts, his knowledge and his money to furthering the A. N. A. I hope we elect another Moritz Wormser. Yes, I do.

Alden Scott Boyer

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

DIRECTORY.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. Harry T. Wilson, Secretary, 535 N. Sawyer Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. Dr. A. H. MacCordick, Corresponding Secretary.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Tuesdays in the Green Room of Hotel Grady, Atlanta. W. J. Warner, Secretary, 794 Ponce de Leon Ave., N. E., Atlanta, Ga.

Beaver Valley Coin Club, Beaver Valley, Pa.—Meets fourth Friday each month at Grand Hotel, corner Eleventh street and Eighth avenue, Beaver Falls. Sherman L. Roney, Secretary and Treasurer, 2512 Seventh avenue, Beaver Falls.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meets monthly. Shepard Pond, Secretary, 258 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club—Meets second Wednesday of each month. Ernest Kraus, Secretary, 86 Bay 29th Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Charles E. Stoaks, Secretary, 253 Spaulding St., North Tonawanda, N. Y.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month. Kenneth W. Lee, Secretary, 623 Security Bldg., Glendale, Cal.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. C. B. Sampson, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Atlantic Hotel. R. E. Davis, Secretary, 1708 E. 69th St., Chicago, Ill.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Starrett's Netherland Plaza Hotel, S. E. Cor. Fifth and Race Streets. Chas. J. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Elmer C. Henderson, Secretary, 661 S. Harris Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month. W. F. Schultz, Secretary, 1123 Oak Cliff Blvd., Dallas, Texas.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays in the Detroit News conference room, Lafayette and Second Blvd. Russell Stehfest, Secretary, 4866 Newport Ave., Detroit, Mich.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 237 East 20th St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Elzear J. Paul-hus, Secretary, Northampton, Mass.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month. Harvey L. Hansen, Secretary, 123 Greenbank Ave., Piedmont, Cal.

Pittsburgh Coin Club, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Meets second Thursday at Room 201, Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. A. M. Barker, Secretary-Treasurer, 150 Morewood Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. Charles W. Foster, Secretary, 24 Astor Drive, Brighton Station, Rochester, N. Y.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month. E. J. Bigelow, Secretary, 396 Bridge St., Northampton, Mass.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Ernest Spofford, Secretary, 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Meyer H. Lewis, Secretary, 145 Cumberland Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets second Tuesday of

each month at Strong John Thomson School, Twelfth and L Sts. N. W. Frederic E. Hodge, Corresponding and Recording Secretary, 136 Bryant St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. A. C. Gies, Secretary, 6260 Frankstown Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Allerton Hotel. Harley L. Freeman, Secretary, 1432 East 47th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets second Friday of each month at the Home Saving Loan Co., basement, corner Federal and Chestnut Streets. Frank W. Schilling, Secretary, 1627 Glenwood Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—294th meeting, June 9th, Howland Wood, president, presiding. The following members were present: Messrs. Barnet, Blake, Boyd, Brown, Feeley, Kusterer, Macallister, Marx, Morris, Newell, Perez, Stein, Wade, Wood, Wormser and Zerbe.

The topic for the evening was "Revolutions in Numismatics." Exhibits were as follows:

E. T. Newell: Mr. Newell exhibited selections from his wonderful collection of the First and Second Jewish Revolt and spoke extemporaneously as follows:

"Without question, the most remarkable revolts of all antiquity, to us moderns at least, are those known as the First and Second Jewish Revolts. The reason for this doubtless rests upon the tremendous 'advertising' which these events have received at the hands of both ancient and modern historians and theologians. For these wars resulted in the destruction of a populous and famous city sacred to no less than three great world religions, while intense human interest will ever be found in the terrific fighting, valorous deeds and heroic sacrifices performed by both Roman and Jew. Fortunately for us numismatists, as well as for historians, these two revolts are numismatically documented as is no other ancient war. Coins were issued in enormous quantities by the Jews, as well as by the Romans, not only to meet the devastating drain of years of desperate warfare but also (and this is most interesting to us moderns) purely and simply for propaganda purposes. Numismatic propaganda was used by the Jew to rally his people in the defense of their homes, their Holy Temple, and the faith of their fathers; by the Roman Vespasian (actually proclaimed Emperor in the course of the war) to establish firmly his dynasty and to glorify his deeds.

"This evening I have brought only a small selection, confining myself to peculiarly well-preserved specimens of the strictly Jewish coinage. The ramifications of the subject are enormous, and one evening would hardly suffice to examine the Roman side of the question alone. The first group of coins which you see before you comprises a series of silver shekels and half shekels dated in the first, second, third and fourth years of some era yet awaiting definite determination. Most numismatists assign these coins to Simon Maccabee, but the belief—first promulgated by Theodore Reinach in 1887 following a suggestion of Ewald—that they really belong to the First Revolt has gradually been gaining ground. The controversy still rages about these coins, a controversy as bitter as the ancient conflict which they record. In any case, they represent the coinage of a revolt, whether of Simon Maccabee against the Seleucid kings or the Jewish people against the Roman Empire matters little tonight, and so fall within the scope of the subject chosen for this evening's exhibitions.

"Accompanying these silver coins is a series of bronze pieces more carefully and artistically designed and engraved, in fact, than are the silver shekels. There can be no doubt but that the first two, small in size and dated, respectively, in the second and third years of the 'Deliverance of Zion,' belong to the First Revolt under Vespasian. We are less certain about the next three pieces dated in the fourth year of the 'Redemption of Zion' and describing themselves as 'one-half,' 'one-fourth' and (by analogy as the inscription is lacking) one-sixth of some unit, probably the shekel. The first of these pieces (the 'one-half') I also present to you this evening under the title of 'recent acquisition.' It reached me only a few days ago after a long, long wait. I have, in fact, been on the lookout, without success, for a suitable specimen for over thirty years. This happens to be a real beauty which unexpectedly turned up in a little 'cache' of Jewish coins from way out in California—of all places! As stated above, the dating of these three coins remains a matter of controversy among scholars. The

British Museum Catalogue still assigns them to Simon Maccabee, but recent excavations in Palestine have failed to turn up even a single specimen in the Maccabaeen strata of Marisa, Gezer and Beth-Zur, a fact that almost certainly makes them of the First Revolt.

"I next show you a coin, worn smooth and covered with counterstamps, which writes a clear-cut finis to the story of the First Revolt. When fire and Vespasian's armies had finally leveled the temple with the ground, the Roman Emperor established upon its ruins the valorous and well tried Tenth Legion to hold the Judaeen country in close subjection. A mint being no longer in existence there and the troops requiring small change for their daily transactions at the sutler's tents and wine booths, worn local copper coins were taken and officially counterstamped with the legion's numeral, initials and insignia. We see the galley (commemorating the origin of the legion near the Straits of Messina) the boar and the letters L.X.F. (legio decima Fretensis).

"The final group of coins on exhibition this evening comprises a very small selection from the prolific Jewish coinage of the Second Revolt in the time of Hadrian. The shekels, with their interesting type of the Ark of the Covenant in the temple's Holy of Holies, are in 'mint state' and all come from the great Hebron Find of some ten years ago. The quarter shekels likewise are, for the most part, from the same hoard. Nearly all show clearly the process of restriking which the fanatic and hard-pressed Jews resorted to in those desperate and stirring times. When the rebellion first broke out great quantities of Roman silver coins (tetradrachms from the mints of Antioch and Tyre, drachms from the mint of Caesarea Cappadociae and denarii from Rome) were seized by the rebels, who at once proceeded to obliterate with their own devices the hated types and legends of their Roman masters. The work seems to have been hastily and imperfectly accomplished, and so Roman imperial profiles and portions of Greek or Latin legends peep out from under the ancient Hebrew letters and the representations of sacred objects used in the temple worship.

"The accompanying bronze coins have come down to us in three denominations. They, too, have as types sacred vessels, the palm branch or palm tree of Judaea, the grapes or vine leaf, the latter perhaps symbolic of Jehovah. They, too, like the silver coins, were struck upon old Roman issues, but, curiously enough, the restriking in the case of these bronze pieces is done in a more workmanlike manner, and it is but seldom that faint traces of the previous types can still be distinguished on these handsome and well-made copper coins.

"Instead of establishing a camp upon the ruins, Hadrian built a great Pagan temple dedicated to Jupiter Capitolinus. Handsomer coins than the humble camp currency of the Tenth Legion were now produced at Jerusalem, but I have omitted to bring examples as they do not fall within the scope of our evening's subject."

L. Kusterer: A No. 1 note, \$5 denomination, dated 1862.

V. L. Brown: A collection of current scrip and substitutes for money.

Farran Zerbe: Specimens of current scrip and substitutes for money.

J. Marx: Transvaal, Paul Kruger, 1 pound, 1898, and ½ pound, 1895; necessity pond, Kruger, made in the field, no dies made. Poland, Revolution, 1836, 20 zloty; Alexander I, 1815-1825, 50 zloty; 1819, Russian eagle; England, Charles I, 1625-48, 3 pounds, 1642; Commonwealth, Oliver Cromwell, broad, 1656; Commonwealth, 1649-1660, broad or 20 shillings, 1653, shield bearing cross of St. George; two shields, one with cross, other with harp; Soviet Russia, chevanetz, man sowing, plow and factories in background, 1923.

G. S. Perez: Philippine Islands, Colombia onza, counterstamped YII, in Manila; Chinese Yuan Shi Kai dollar, third year, with Georgi signature; Chinese Yuan Shi Kai, feathered cap, third year, with Georgi signature; Feng Yu Sheng, Christian General dollar; Dedication of Tomb of Sun Yat Sen dollar; Bolivia dollar, counterstamped MANILA 1830; rubbing of a United States 1795 dollar counterstamped YII.

Howland Wood: Token for fifty cents struck at Santander, Columbia, issued by General Raymond Gonzales, Valencia, 50 centavos, 1902; 5 pesetas, Cartagena, Spain (revolution); a very rare silver King's Messenger badge used during the reign of George III.

The Executive Committee suggested that the topic for the July meeting

be the exhibition of coins, medals, badges, etc., issued during the various expositions held in the United States previous to the 1933 World's Fair. It was regularly moved, seconded and carried that this be the topic for the July meeting.

The President greeted our corresponding member, Gilbert S. Perez, of the Philippine Islands. Mr. Perez spoke on the various counterstamps used on currency for use in the Philippine Islands. We were all very glad to see Mr. Perez again and quite happy that his stay in the United States will permit him to attend our next meeting in July.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—64th meeting, June 6th. Those who attended were: Messrs. Carey, Carlson, Devore, Galitzki, Gilhousen, Haas, Harbeck, Hart, Herrling, Jorgensen, Kirkpatrick, Laible, Ed M. Lee, Kenneth Lee, May, McCormick, Palmer, Pradeau, Simmons, Smith and Van Rossem. Guests, A. E. Place, E. D. Krachey, F. N. Kirkpatrick, Isadore Goldberg and B. H. Towne. Applications were received for membership from E. D. Krachey and Isadore Goldberg.

A. E. Place, who spent many years in Mexico, talked of his experiences in discovering an old tomb which contained a number of so-called hoe money pieces, several of which he had on display. His interesting data on the subject was suggested as a fine topic for a paper to be published, and he has consented to write it for the benefit of all numismatists.

The announced prize of a \$1,000 bond for the best and most interesting exhibit brought out a number of displays, all of which were of considerable interest, and the balance of the evening was given over to their examination. Those exhibiting and the nature of their material included:

Cuthbert Simmons: Early U. S. and Roman gold.

Holger Jorgensen: Greek silver, Roman first bronze.

O. B. Carlson: Set of 34 different two-mark pieces of Charles XI of Sweden.

C. E. Gilhousen: Large gold display, including Templeton, Reid & Co. \$10, Japanese gold oban, pioneer gold, etc.

Sidney Haas: Number of Roman Family denarii and Roman first bronze.

H. C. Laible: Collection of 70 different Civil War tokens and cards from Detroit, Mich., various necessity issues, tokens, etc.

Mrs. McCormick: Several beautiful gold medals.

Leo Galitzki: Curious items from Pompeii, Vesuvius and Bath of Caracalla.

A committee of three judges, composed of A. F. Pradeau, O. A. Caldwell and Ned H. Palmer, after considerable deliberation, awarded the valuable prize of the \$1,000 bond to C. E. Gilhousen for his fine gold display.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—170th meeting, April 5. Fifty-one members and guests were present. The meeting was called to order by President Ripstra.

The application for membership of Mr. G. W. P. Cleary was presented and held over to the next meeting.

Mr. Cederlund read a paper quoting an article appearing in a newspaper article of forty years ago showing the difficulties met in trying to attribute coins properly.

Several members spoke briefly on their exhibits. Among them were Messrs. Cederlund, Rosholm, Jonas, Davis and Josephson.

The secretary read portions of the monograph on Jenny Lind medals by Leonidas Westervelt and Mr. Cederlund illustrated it with medals from the collection of Mr. Thacher.

Mr. Boyer spoke on the necessity of a coin dealer's protection agency, suggesting that such an agency should be under the direction of the A. N. A. This brought out considerable discussion, and many views were expressed.

The exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Thacher: Fourteen Jenny Lind medals.

Mr. Josephson: Book containing thirty-six large-size bills, \$1 to \$10.

Mr. Davis: Eleven early Chicago store cards.

Mr. Drop: \$1 silver certificate with a blank back, and five different Denver silver tokens.

Dr. Rackus: A mineral collection containing specimens of ores of all metals used for coinage.

Mr. Jonas: Beer checks from five famous Chicago saloons, and a facsimile of Lincoln's saloon license, and a porcelain medal of Hitler.

Mr. Rosholm: Sixty-six $\frac{1}{2}$ species.

Mr. Cederlund: Fourteen different French one-ecu pieces counterstamped with the arms of Canton Bern for 40 batzen; uniface klippe pieces, 1645, of Breslau, for $7\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 heller, issued by poor hospital; silver uniface klippe of 1547 for Liepzig, struck during the siege by Frederick, Elector of Saxony; pentagonal copper 10 centimes struck by the Council of Five Hundred during the French Revolution; uniface silver klippe, 1572, struck at Harlem during the siege by the Spaniards; medallic crown on the siege of the city of Vienna by the Turks, July 14, 1683, and the Stauning krone issued by the Conservative People's Party of Denmark, face value 56 ore.

Mr. Voltman: A meteorite.

The meeting was then adjourned, after which an auction was held, Mr. Josephson acting as auctioneer.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—171st meeting, May 6. There were forty-nine members and guests present. The meeting was called to order by President Ripstra.

G. W. P. Cleary was elected to membership. The application of Mr. Franklin V. Lanum was read and, under the rules, was held over to the next meeting.

Dr. Skeen proposed that each member of the Chicago Coin Club be permitted to present two identical coins. The secretary will counterstamp each in a similar manner, return one to the member and retain the other in the club's cabinet. The coins and counterstamps shall be engrossed in the minutes. This was seconded and, after a short discussion, was carried.

Mr. Kopicki exhibited a set of Chicago Clearing House Certificates which were prepared for issue during the recent bank holiday, but which were never issued. They were in denominations of \$1, \$5 (2), \$10, \$20 and \$50. Mr. Kopicki also presented a set to the club.

Mr. Barger and Mr. Josephson spoke briefly on their exhibits.

Mr. Davis read a paper on the controversy in Ireland over William Wood's coinage. Mr. Cederlund moved that steps be taken to have this paper published, and it was carried.

Mr. Boyer announced the recent death of Ludger Gravel, of Montreal, and spoke concerning his busy and active life.

Dr. Rackus spoke on his exhibit of Aztec ax money and Chinese coins.

Dr. Skeen read a description of a recent counterfeit of a \$100 bill which has recently appeared in this district.

Mr. Green presented the club with a copy of his new book, "Mint Record of United States Coins."

The exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Gilmore: Large Lincoln plaque and 1933 cents of Philadelphia and Denver mints.

Mr. Rosholm: 1 daler Swedish plate money, 1715.

Mr. Thomas: 22 Hard Times tokens.

Dr. Rackus: Ancient cowrie-shell, tortoise-shell, and jade money from China, and crescent-shaped Aztec copper money in two sizes.

Mr. Kopicki: Set of 1933 Clearing House certificates.

Mr. Davis: \$1.25 note from Bank of Albion; \$10 Wheat Growers Bank of Aima, and \$2 note of the Bank of Bellville, and also a token for twenty cents issued by the Dow Chemical Company made of a magnesium alloy.

Mr. Josephson: Crown, Berne, 1759; crown, Bavaria, 1756; three necessity pieces of Osnabruck; medals of William Penn, Daniel Webster and the Newbergh House, together with commemorative stamps for each.

Mr. Barger: Gold proof set of 1887; \$20 gold of 1907, wire edge; Pilgrim and Illinois half dollars; half dollars, 1838 and 1929; Isabella and Washington quarters and \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ gold of 1928; half sovereign of 1876; 20 francs of 1865, and pattern cent of 1855.

Mr. Cederlund: Fifty-nine encased postage stamps of Austria issued by thirty-five different firms and merchants; ten Russian and two Austrian postage stamps printed on thin cardboard for use as money during 1915-19; twenty unattributed counterstamped copper coins, set of Clearing House certificates.

The meeting was adjourned and an auction was held.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—139th meeting, May 8. Meeting opened by Acting Chairman Girmann.

Mr. Karkau's name was proposed for membership by the membership committee and he was unanimously elected to membership. Mr. Paulson's name was also proposed and he was elected to active membership. Mr. Buel, of Burlington Flats, N. Y., was elected to non-resident membership.

Mr. Hopkins brought the matter of display cases for paper money before the club. The discussion was tabled until a future meeting.

Mr. Gibbs, of Pittsburgh, and Mr. Trantum, of Jamestown, were voted ribbons by the club in appreciation of their exhibits at our annual meeting of April 8th.

Mr. Hopkins was presented with a medal by the club in appreciation of his long service to the club as treasurer and his many interesting exhibits from time to time.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Lloyd: City of Detroit scrip used in teachers' pay rolls, green back, bearing 5 per cent. interest.

Mr. Hopkins: New design of coin holders showing U. S. coin types for display purposes.

Mr. Taylor: \$5 U. S. national currency, First National Bank of Washington, D. C.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—140th meeting, May 22. Meeting opened by Mr. Lloyd as acting chairman.

Correspondence was read from the Jamestown club announcing the annual Tri-State convention to be held June 16th and 17th.

A short discussion was raised by Judge Knight concerning display cases for individual collections.

Mr. Hopkins read a clipping from the New York Times concerning Farran Zerbe's work as curator of the Chase National Bank collection.

Mr. Klipfel donated many fine books to be added to the club library.

The usual lively auction was held following the meeting, with Mr. Girmann acting in the capacity of auctioneer.

Mr. Hopkins showed five counterstamped cut Spanish eight-real pieces, also many Chinese military decorations.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—May 4, 215th meeting. Members present: Messrs. Hubel, Curto, Fulton, Dodd, Noyes, Hoare, Livingstone, Brisley, Bradlin, Needeles, Dworkowski, Rapp, Stehfest and Dr. R. Renz. Meeting called to order by President Hubel.

Application for membership was received from Joseph J. Kaller.

Motion was made and seconded that our next regular meeting be held at the Harmonie Society and that we have a buffet luncheon.

A resolution was passed that a letter of condolence be sent to Mrs. Ludger Gravel.

Mr. Dworkowski read an article on gold issued, and also gave a talk on the 1804 dollar.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Rapp: Twenty-cent Dowmetal token issued by the Dow Chemical Company, redeemable on or before March 1, 1933.

Dr. Renz: A frame of forty-five pieces of territorial gold, all types.

Mr. Stehfest: Two gold pieces, English, William IV, sovereign, uncirculated, 1837; two George IV English gold pieces, half sovereign, 1827, uncirculated, and sovereign 1829, uncirculated.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—May 18, 216th meeting. Members present: Messrs. Curto, Hubel, Hutchinson, Bott, Temple, Fulton, Keller, Dodd, Brisley, Waton, Dworkowski, Hutchinson, Grinnell, Rapp, Stehfest and Telfer. Visitors present, Messrs. Page Brownlee, Milton Michaels, Fred Eggert and Cecil Betron. Meeting called to order by President Hubel.

Joseph J. Kaller's application was turned in with a favorable report and he was elected to membership of the Detroit Coin Club.

A donation was made to the Detroit Coin Club collection by A. A. Grinnell of a Pedley, Ryan & Company silver piece issued at Denver, Col., in 1933, 430 grains silver.

Mr. Hubel had spent considerable time in research to write a paper on

the historical and commemorative coins of the Roman Republic, B. C., which he read at this meeting. He illustrated his talk with the following gold and silver coins. A vote of thanks was given to Mr. Hubel for his kindness in writing this interesting paper:

Roman Republic—Aureii of Hirtia (two types) and Munatia; denarii of Vibia, Nasidia, Antonia, Aemilia, Cornelia and Julia.

After a very enjoyable buffet luncheon, the meeting adjourned.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—June 1, 217th meeting. Members present: Messrs. Hubel, Temple, Dr. Renz, Hoare, Fulton, Noyes, Rapp, Livingstone, Dworkowski, Kaller, Stehfest and Dodd. Meeting was called to order by President Hubel.

Mr. Temple, who has had several of his coins on display at the Detroit Historical Society in the club's cabinet, requested the use of his coins at this time. Motion was made to have the secretary work with him in getting another exhibition placed in the cabinet.

Meeting adjourned at 9.15 P. M., at which time Dr. Renz, Mr. Rapp, and Mr. Hoare had some very fine exhibits laid out.

Exhibits were as follows:

Dr. Renz: United States Trade dollar, 1873, (Pattern proof, A.-W. 1330); \$50 gold, Augustus Humbert, 1851, 800 fine; \$5 Carolina gold, C. Bechtler at Rutherford, (134 G * 21C); original pewter Continental dollar, one "R" in currency, die break, rare type; \$50 gold, Augustus Humbert, 1851, 887 fine; \$20 gold, St. Gaudens, wire edge, Roman numerals; \$20 gold, United States Assay Office; Castorland half dollar, 1796, silver proof; \$10 Pike's Peak gold, 1860; silver dollar, 1878, Morgan, proof, A.-W. 1559; Trade dollar, 1873, pattern proof, A.-W. 1308; medal, United States, Lexington Centennial, 1875.

Mr. Hoare: Silver set of George V, 1927, uncirculated, brilliant.

Mr. H. Rapp: \$5, 1863, greenback, signed by Chittenden and Spinner, uncirculated.

NORTHAMPTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—May 24. The society met at the rooms of the Northampton Club. Members present were Messrs. Hill, Bigelow, Paulhus, Miller, Parsons, Roberts, Kohler, Morse and Drowne. Visitors, Fred G. Howard, of Hatfield, Mass.; Christopher Slocombe, of Northampton, and our speaker for the evening, Preston C. Pond, president of Cabot Trust Co., Chicopee, Mass.

Mr. Pond's talk on old and rare money was instructive and interesting, as was his exhibit of old and rare paper money dating back about one hundred years and now mostly obsolete. A vote of thanks was extended to him by the society and he was also elected a member.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—213th meeting, May 31, called to order by President Wernstrom. The following members were present: Messrs. Roy Hill, Wernstrom, Hicks, Kraft, Wyman, Thomson, Knabenschuh, DeSelms, H. L. Hill, Hansen, Webb and Goodman.

Letters from the following were read and ordered filed: W. H. Woodin, Secretary of the Treasury; T. James Clarke, Farran Zerbe, Kenneth W. Lee and Nelson T. Thorson.

The secretary reported the death of our member, Ellis Bloch, and on motion was ordered to write the widow our condolences.

The program committee submitted its report for the annual dinner. A rising vote of thanks was accorded to President Wernstrom and the program committee for their fine work in connection with the dinner.

President Wernstrom reported for the October convention, stating that the committee was now made up as follows: E. R. Wernstrom, chairman; Harvey L. Hansen, vice-chairman; Roy Hill, secretary; A. C. Wyman, A. R. Thomson, W. Kraft, W. E. Hicks. The first meeting of the committee had been held and the convention would be known as the "Far Western Numismatic Convention," to be held October 13th to 15th inclusive, and that further plans with regard to exhibits and general program would be worked out by the committee and reported at the various meetings. All members were urged to give their assistance in furthering this event.

Charles L. Parrish and Bert D. Janes were elected to membership in the

society, Mr. Parrish as an active member and Mr. Janes as an associate member.

Mr. Wyman spoke on recent acquisitions of some fine Roman gold pieces.

Mr. Thomson exhibited a fine selection of recent purchases of silver pieces.

President Wernstrom exhibited emergency money as follows: 25 cents, J. V. Curtis, Bristol, Nev.; barter and trade certificates, Unemployed Relief Club, Waterloo, Iowa; 20-cent token, Dow Chemical Company, Midland, Mich.; pay-roll scrip, Selby Shoe Company; \$1 note, General Fireproofing Co., Youngstown, Ohio; Eirma \$1 note; Heppner, Ore., sheepskin scrip.

The program for the evening consisted of a talk by Harvey L. Hansen on "Recent U. S. Decorations and Medals," taking in especially those issued for the Army, Navy and Marine Corps since 1919.

Mr. Webb had kindly brought along an exhibit of various U. S. and State medals, as well as medals of veterans' organizations.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—May 16, 488th meeting. President Sloane in the chair. The following members were present: Messrs. Kaufman, Lange, Horner, G. J. Lindboe, Moore, Amberg, Parker, Plumb, Gillette, Kolb, Harzinski, Liess, Sunday, Sloane, Babin, G. J. Bauer, Dr. Peake, Becker and Foster. Judge Knight, a member of the Buffalo club, was present as a visitor.

Plans for the first outing of the year were discussed and it was decided to hold it at Point Peake, Saturday, June 10th.

Mr. Bauer reported the death of our member, Bert Brownell, and the secretary was instructed to write Mrs. Brownell of our sympathy.

Dr. Parker told of the meeting to be held on May 19th by the Museum Association, in which plans were to be made for 1934. Dr. Parker invited the members to attend this meeting.

Treasurer Kolb announced that he and his wife would leave early in June for a trip to Germany, and asked the president to appoint a new treasurer for the time he would be gone.

President Sloane called on Judge Knight for a few words. The Judge spoke of early days in Rochester, having graduated from the University of Rochester. He also said he was new at collecting coins, but had accumulated odd coins for years without giving them any serious thought.

The meeting was then turned over to the auctioneer.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—June 6, 489th meeting. President Sloane in the chair. The following members were present: Messrs. Amberg, Dr. Peake, Horner, Lange, Lindboe, Plumb, Sloane, Liess, Woodbury, G. J. Bauer, Harzinski, Ross, Parker, Babin, Mrs. Hart and Foster.

President Sloane appointed Dr. Peake to serve as treasurer during the absence of Mr. Kolb.

Plans were discussed for attending the Tri-State Convention at Jamestown. It appeared that there would be about five going.

Mr. Lindboe spoke regarding a plan to have a little time set aside at each meeting for a question period. A motion was made and carried that fifteen minutes of each meeting be devoted to answering questions, the questions to be set forth by the members desiring the information.

The meeting was then turned over to the auctioneer, who conducted a spirited sale.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—May 22. The society met and dined at the Boston City Club. In the absence of President Wardner, Vice-President Davis presided. Others present were Messrs. Blaney, Storer, Barney, Hamilton, Prior, Wheeler, Stafford, F. O. Brown, Tilden, Nichols and Pond.

A favorable report having been received from the committee on membership, Ralph W. Howard, of Fitchburg, Mass., was elected to membership in the society.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned and the rest of the evening was devoted to a general discussion of numismatics and to examining the various exhibits.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Davis: Rare pewter medal, obverse, "Abraham Lincoln" with bust facing right; reverse, "Presented by Citizens of Perth Amboy, N. J., to Thomas Peterson, the first colored voter in the U. S. Under the Provisions

of the Fifteenth Amendment at an Election Held in That City March 31st 1870." Also an old badge of the League of American Wheelmen; a large engraved silver Masonic chapter piece, and a red enamel and gilt badge, "Bulawayo Turf Club, 1897-1898," with head of Queen Victoria.

Mr. Blaney: Copper penny, "Jamaica Currency, Payable in Kingston by William Smith"; reverse, arms of Jamaica. Also a token, "Mr. Howard, Ferrygrass" picture of a coach; reverse, a groom with horse, "Kingston, Jamaica." Also small token, "Moses Tolanto, Barbadoes," center, a bale of cotton; reverse, "Freedom without Slavery," a cask. Also, three Barbadoes pennies and one halfpenny, all in extremely fine condition.

Mr. Stafford: Byzantine aureus of Theophilus.

Mr. F. O. Brown: Decoration of the Purple Heart.

Mr. Prior: Hitherto unedited token of Massachusetts Bay Tercentenary—holed bronze gilt token, 19 millimeters diameter, obverse, "Massachusetts Bay Tercentenary, 1630-1930" with ship sailing to right; reverse, the Lord's Prayer within a laurel wreath.

Mr. Nichols: \$1 and \$2 scrip, City of Detroit, Mich.

Mr. Wheeler: 1 mil of Palestine, tri-lingual inscription in English, Turkish and Hebrew.

Dr. Storer: \$1 scrip, N. J. Whittall Associates, Ltd. of Worcester, Mass., dated March 10 1933.

ROYAL NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—April 20th, Percy H. Webb, Esq., president, in the chair.

Mr. W. H. Biddell was elected a Fellow of the Society.

Mr. William Gilbert showed a very fine and rare aureus of Postumus, rev., HERC. DEUS ONIENS. from the Recamier collection.

Mr. L. A. Lawrence showed a series of coins to illustrate the president's paper.

Rev. E. A. Sydenham exhibited a hoard of 204 antoniniani of the period of the paper found near Mount Carmel.

Sir Charles Oman showed a rare antoninianus of Postumus (rev., Hercules and Queen of the Amazons) and a quinarius with heads of Postumus and Hercules, also antoniniani of Victorinus, Tetricus I and II, Laelian, Marius Quietus (AEQUTAS) and Florian.

The President read a paper on "Tyranni," the Usurpers from the reign of Valerian to that of Diocletian. Great difficulty arose from the fragmentary and contradictory accounts of the Roman historians, but he thought that, with the assistance of the enormous coinage of the successful Gallic rebellion, it had been possible to deal satisfactorily with the history of that province during its independence; but that of Central Europe remained obscure. No central rebel gained any permanent success, and, indeed, Gallienus, careless and luxurious as he may have been, showed himself able to deal strenuously with any outbreaks which imperilled the centre of his power. It seemed that the key to the difficulty lay in the fact that some writers had erroneously ascribed to Regalian a reign of two or even three years, and that if the evidence of his coinage in favor of a much shorter period of success was accepted, the numerous outbreaks which occurred could be arranged in their probable order.

No rebellion could have broken out while Valerian was crossing Europe on his last journey to Asia, and his march could hardly have taken place later than A. D. 258. Accepting that date the rising of Ingenuus in Pannonia and Moesia would have taken place late in that year, which is the date positively given by Pollio. The brutality with which that rebellion was suppressed by the Roman army led to the outbreak of Regalian in 259, and he must in turn have been destroyed before the incursion and defeat of the Macriani in 261. There is reason to suppose that Valens rebelled in Achaia in 260, and that Macrian sent Piso Frugi against him to protect the flank of the advance of the Asiatic Army. Frugi turned rebel against his rebel master, who destroyed him, and Valens is said to have been killed by his own men. The Macriani were defeated by an army under Aureolus in 261, and Europe was free from rebellion until 267, when Aureolus himself turned traitor.

In the East, after the defeat of Valerian, the Persians were driven out by Balista, (who was not a rebel) with the aid of Odenathus, and the Macriani took up the government with some success. On their destruction, Odenathus

and Zenobia obtained recognition from Gallienus and the Senate, and ruled as deputies of Rome, gradually extending their power southward till it included Egypt. During the period of expansion Gallienus sent armies which dealt with such rebels as Trebellianus in Isauria and Alexander Aemilianus in Egypt, but, from 264 or thereabouts the Palmyrans seem to have been the only real rulers of the Roman East. During the reign of Claudius and in the early days of Aurelian they always assumed to act under the sanction of Roman Emperors. After the death of Odenathus his wise policy was abandoned and the ambition of Zenobia and Vabalathus soon led to the clash in which the Palmyran family was destroyed.

NEW ZEALAND NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The eleventh meeting was held at the Turnbull Library, Wellington, on March 27, 1933, when a variety of topics of numismatic interest were discussed and some interesting coins and medals were exhibited to members. The president, the Rev. D. C. Bates, presided over a good attendance of members.

The chief speaker for the evening was Dr. H. G. Heine, lecturer in economics, Victoria University College, who delivered an interesting address on "Two British Recoinages," dealing in an interesting manner with the historical and economic aspects of the question. Dr. Heine said that there were two famous recoinages in British history, one in the time of Elizabeth and the other in the time of William III. Each recoinage was carried out with a view to meeting a difficult financial situation. Elizabeth found difficulty in making her fixed revenue meet her expenditures, which was increasing in consequence of the rising price level. This she attributed to the debasements of the currency of Henry VIII and Edward VI, and she thought that a recoinage would lead to a fall in the price level. In a proclamation announcing the reform of the coinage in 1560, she said: "... all maner of prices of thynges in this Realme necessarye for the sustentacion of the people growe dayly excessive, to the manifeste hurte . . . of the pensioners, souldyers, hyred servanntes and other meane people . . .", and, "for reformation whereof . . . Her Majesty hath determined . . . to abolshe corrupte, base, and copper monyes, and to restore the owners thereof to fine moneys of as good sylver and golde as at anye time hath been in this Realme . . ." The recoinage did not result in a fall in the price level, as the real cause of the rise in prices was the heavy inflow of precious metals from America, and this continued on a large scale for yet another century.

The second great recoinage, that of William III, had a direct bearing on a heavy adverse exchange, which was a serious evil at that time, owing to the heavy funds that had to be transmitted to Holland to carry on an expensive war in the Netherlands. The epidemic of clipping silver coins and the export of silver bullion were also contributing factors. It was hoped that a recoinage would lead to an improvement in the exchanges, but the remedy proved more expensive than the malady. The speaker also referred to the development of coinage as a medium of exchange and the relationship between coins and prices. She concluded by saying that the two great recoinages in British history were adopted as the result of faulty political diagnoses, and that while both were technical feats of great importance, they did not justify expectations financially.

Dr. Rankine Brown, who moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer, said that the address illustrated the fact that the coinage and currency difficulties of the past were not materially dissimilar from those facing many countries today. Even the ancient Greeks faced similar difficulties, showing that "there was nothing new under the sun." The Rev. D. C. Bates said that members felt privileged to listen to such an interesting and lucid address by one of New Zealand's distinguished scholars, and he hoped that Dr. Heine would similarly honor the society in the future. The vote of thanks to Dr. Heine was carried by acclamation.

By courtesy of His Excellency the Governor-General, Lord Bledisloe, patron, two award medals for Maori agriculture, struck at the direction of His Excellency by Messrs. Mayer & Kean, of Wellington, were exhibited to members, and Mr. H. G. Mayer, who was present, gave a brief but informative description of the manufacture of the medals. He said that modern machinery had largely supplanted handwork in the making of medals, and that die-sinking by hand was becoming a lost art. The description of mechanical processes in preparing dies and manufacturing medals was fol-

lowed with great interest by members, and Mr. Mayer was accorded a hearty vote of thanks for his address.

"Modern Italian Coins" was the subject of a very interesting paper submitted by Mr. C. M. J. V. Weaver, of Sydney, and read on his behalf by Mr. Allen Sutherland. Mr. Weaver contended that the readjustment of coinages by European nations as a result of post-war inflation, and subsequent financial collapse, had produced new currencies distinguished by a marked increase in artistic merit. Before the war, Italy had begun to redeem her coinage from its dull mediocrity. The credit of this move was due to her numismatic King, Victor Emanuel III, who personally designed many beautiful coins, and by his example and encouragement introduced to the world a company of artists whose brilliant genius had wrought upon Italian coinage, as well as on the new coinage of Albania and the Vatican State, works which would stand as a lasting monument to their art.

On the obverses the portraiture of King Emanuel III was carried out in high relief in a vigorous and spirited style, and the reverses were remarkable for their singular beauty, depicting a vitality of design and a freedom of artistic inspiration unsurpassed in the numismatic world. Mr. Weaver then proceeded to deal with the coins in detail, indicating how some of the ancient coin designs had been revived in the new coins of Fascist Italy. The whole series revealed the influence of ancient classic art. Symbols increasingly apparent on Italian coins of the Fascist regime of Mussolini included the "fasces" (a bundle of rods containing an axe, carried by the lictors as a symbol of authority before the magistrates of ancient Rome). The Fascist salute was also depicted in the coin designs, all of which were of striking beauty and outstanding artistic merit. A hearty vote of thanks was accorded to Mr. Weaver for his very illuminating paper.

The president, the Rev. D. C. Bates, said it was fitting that reference should be made to the recent announcement that the Government had decided to issue a special New Zealand coinage in order to combat trafficking in silver coin owing to the high exchange rate. All numismatists would rejoice in the fact that at last New Zealand was to be placed on the numismatic map of the world. The Society had advocated a New Zealand coinage since its inception. He trusted that the designs would possess artistic merit and would be a credit to New Zealand.

A short but spirited discussion took place following a suggestion by one member that the Government had already decided on the designs of the new coins, all of which were to bear the King's head on the obverse and the coat-of-arms of the Dominion on the reverse, and that a rush order had been placed for such coins.

Mr. Allen Sutherland advocated artistic coinage designs varying with each denomination and symbolising New Zealand life and customs. The institution of an entirely new coinage offered a unique opportunity to investigate the merits of the decimal system of coinage in lieu of the archaic fractional system of coinage which was being discarded by all progressive parts of the empire. A decimal system of coinage of distinctive New Zealand designs would be a double safeguard in keeping New Zealand coinage within her shores.

It was decided to make representations to the Government suggesting that competitive designs be called for New Zealand coinage designs, and that the questions of designs and denominations be referred to a competent committee for early report as to the artistic and numismatic aspects of the matter.

Two rare holey dollars and one dump, New South Wales, 1813, were exhibited by Mr. Allan Sutherland, who gave a short resume of the reasons actuating Governor McQuarie in deciding to punch out the centres of the silver Spanish pieces-of-eight, then the principal currency medium of Australia, thus making two coins of a face value of 6/3 in place of one coin circulating at 5/-. This was effective in checking the outflow of silver coin from the country. A similar problem faced the New Zealand Government at the moment. Other specimens exhibited included a silver coronation medal, King Edward, and Queen Alexandra, 1902, and coins of the Ptolemy series.

At an executive meeting held earlier in the evening, five new members were elected as follows: Messrs. W. P. Somerville, H. E. Ashby, T. W. James and H. Witherford, Wellington, and V. A. Rowe, Matiere.

Referring to a previous discussion relative to the redemption of under-weight, worn and mutilated coins of the realm, the secretary reported from an authoritative source that while the tender of drilled and mutilated coins was illegal, such was not the case with coins worn by ordinary wear and tear, as there was no "least current" weight for English silver and bronze coin.

The secretary also reported that further numismatic works had been donated to the society by Sir John Hanham, Bt., and a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the donor for his continued interest and generosity.

MY DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

By ROBERT K. BOTSFORD, Nescopeck, Pa.

It is absolutely necessary for a well-balanced individual to have both a vocation and an avocation. The vocation feeds the body. The avocation feeds the soul. There is a distinct place for both of these activities, and it is not wise to go to extremes with either one. The border line of each blends into the other with a nicety. Yet each individual must maintain a physical and a mental poise in order that he may escape the ravages that beset the fanatic.

Mr. Average Citizen is a coin collector and is generally interested in odd or unusual dates, designs or figures. He wants to know the whys and wherefores. But, as a general rule, there is no individual to whom he can turn for immediate information that is of a comprehensive nature. This situation is similar to the child who wants to know the great facts of life and knows not where to inquire concerning them. It is really surprising to find that the bankers of our country are but slightly versed in numismatics. In fact, it is quite rare to find a banker who is even a coin collector to any marked extent. True, he has accumulated a number of odds and ends that he values but little. So, if one is desirous of traveling on the numismatic path he must depend on what he can pick up from dealers' catalogues and other odds and ends of numismatic literature that he is able to secure.

Coins—gold, silver, nickel, copper—of this age and of the ages long since gone by are a medium of exchange recognized for their bullion value at any period and any time. They speak the universal language of values known and recognized by mankind. History is written upon their faces. Great events are recorded on the coins used by man. The likenesses and images of the world's famous personages are handed down to posterity on the coins of the various nations.

Coins are ever alive and willing to work. They represent values as set forth by the leaders of a group of people. Their purchasing power goes up and down with the passing of time. Nevertheless, coins are a living medium of exchange, while paper money, stocks, bonds, mortgages, bank notes are but representatives of values as expressed in dollars, pounds or francs.

It is all very well and good for those who so desire to collect stamps, and the philatelist has much to interest him. He is dealing with a representative of a service rendered or to be rendered. He has no present. He is either past or future. The numismatist is always dealing in values of the present, even though the gold or silver coin he has in hand was made centuries ago. When the coin passes for a value it continues on and on until it is worn beyond recognition, and even then is worth its bullion value. The stamp pays for one particular service, which when rendered, cancels the stamp and also eliminates its value. And when this service is being rendered the stamp is out of the philatelist's possession. He directs, but another executes.

A numismatist deals in metals. A philatelist deals in paper. Metal was made by God. Paper is made by man.

What a contrast?

The great numismatists of the United States are the kindest of men, ever ready and ever willing to be of service. They take great pride in their collections and are always ready to show their choice specimens to those who will appreciate the rarity and handle properly.

Just go to visit some well-versed numismatist and find out what a real

man he is. Call on him and let him see and know how much you are interested. Why, my friend, you have a treat in store for you that will live for years as one of the happiest, most pleasant memories of a lifetime. Words cannot give you the revelation that you will receive of what a brother really is until you spend some hours with such a man. That is, providing you are a numismatist at heart and long to learn the vast facts of the world's coins and how this kindred spirit has acquired and taken care of the specimens that have come into his possession.

I would suggest that you visit Henry Chapman, of Philadelphia, and get his grand report of a lifetime of numismatic activity. Another, sit on the spacious front porch of the home of John Zug, at Bowie, and you will have a man for a companion that knows coins and is eager to talk about them in a way that leaves an indelible impression on the mind that enhances one's outlook on life and increases his general knowledge of the coins of all times and all ages.

So, each to his particular hobby. Let the philatelist continue with his hobby. That is his line of activity, and may he find joy and pleasure therein. Let the numismatist study the specimens he has and add to his collection as his means permit.

There is no comparison between the numismatist and the philatelist.

There is a vast contrast.

ATLANTA COIN EXHIBIT SCORES BIG SUCCESS.

The largest and finest exhibit of coins and paper money ever gathered by the Atlanta Coin Club was on display Tuesday and Wednesday, June 6 and 7, in the Henry Grady Hotel. Approximately thirty members of the club displayed their rarest numismatic prizes, representing all periods of history since coins were first made. Coins of ancient Greece and Rome from about 600 B. C. to the fall of the Empire; crude coins of the Dark Ages; coins of medieval and modern Europe, showing a whole gallery of historical portraits; queer coins from the Orient, China, Japan, Persia, India, Syria; money mentioned in the Bible, the "tribute penny" and the widow's mite coined in Jerusalem under Pontius Pilate; money from Africa and from South America. Many curious and interesting coins were on display, coins of odd shapes and sizes, from the size of a pin-head up to several inches in diameter; some square, some oval; there also were coins from many interesting and out-of-the-way places, such as Borneo, Singapore, Kashmir, Bombay, Bagdad, Constantinople, Gibraltar, Zanzibar. Another interesting display was that of scrip and necessity money printed on wood and other unusual materials.

Still more interesting probably was the money of the United States from Colonial times. This was found in great variety and detail in gold, silver, copper and paper. Very fine displays of U. S. Colonial and other coins and paper money was shown from the collections of E. P. Tomlinson, J. H. Hardwick, J. J. Gonzales, W. J. Warner, I. W. Granada, H. C. Pattillo, E. P. Morgan, Sydney Kerkis and others. In view of the value of the exhibits, guards were on duty both day and night during the time of the display.

Coins were valued for visitors free of charge. Both days crowds were in and out from early to late. Several hundred attended, which exceeded our expectation.

I. W. GRANADE, Assistant Secretary.

THE URBANA STAGE COMPANY.

By WALDO C. MOORE.

Among the earliest enterprises in which the citizens of Urbana, Ohio, took stock was what is called the "Urbana Stage Company," organized in 1833. Urbana was practically "in the woods" and was connected with the outside world with indifferent mail facilities. It was proposed to organize a daily line of coaches for the transportation of mail and passengers from Cincinnati to Sandusky, and a number of citizens of the town took stock in the venture. For a time all went well. Substantial and elegant coaches, each drawn by four fine horses at least, gave an air of business and prosperity.

The driver cracked his whip and blew his horn with all the importance of the old time "king of the footboard." All the world seemed soft and sweet and joyous.

In an unlucky moment it was decided to extend the line from Springfield to Wheeling. The same reckless spirit of management attended this branch as had been made part of the other, and in the enterprise the company became competitors of an old, well-established company, known as Neil, Moore & Company. Competition was strong, business good, management bad, expenses enormous, and in a short time the bottom dollar on the subscription had been reached, with a big debt accumulating. It was a day when the limited liability clause was not inserted in contracts.

When the company collapsed and the stockholders found themselves individually responsible to the extent of their means, property suddenly and mysteriously changed hands. The mischief resulting from the failure of the stage company was undoubtedly long continued.

It has been noised about that the Urbana Stage Company issued metallic passes or tickets during their show days and at the time competition with their competitors was strong. Some searching has been made for a specimen of the transportation token, but without results. Can some one enlighten? What collector is so fortunate as to possess such a token? Did the Neil, Moore & Company stage coach line use tokens in their business? Perhaps so, who has an answer? The writer would appreciate transportation passes, tickets or tokens of these Ohio stage coach lines if such are extant.

CHICAGO CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION CERTIFICATES.

During the recent national banking crisis the Chicago Clearing House Association was prepared to use as substitute for currency Clearing House Certificates. However, due to President Roosevelt's restriction on this medium of exchange, this plan had to be abandoned.

The certificates, dated March 8, 1933, were printed in the amount of twenty million dollars in denominations of \$1, \$5, \$10, \$20 and \$50. The first \$1 and \$5 certificates are of lithographed type to be exchanged for engraved certificates between April 15, 1933, and April 30, 1933. The \$1 certificate is of brown color, and the \$5 is blue. Both have red serial numbers. All certificates bear the printed signature of Howard M. Sims, secretary-treasurer, and F. R. Elliott, president.

A very limited number of these certificates was cancelled and the remainder burned. Those not destroyed are perforated "Cancelled" across the obverse and stamped on the reverse, "This Certificate Never Issued And Is Of No Value."

The \$10 Fort Dearborn certificate was printed by Columbian Bank Note Co. The others by American Bank Note Co.

The reverse of the temporary \$1 and \$5 is blank, while the engraved \$5 certificate is blue. The \$10 is green; \$20, orange; \$50, red. The size of the \$10 is 6 $\frac{1}{8}$ "x2 $\frac{5}{8}$ ". The others are 6"x2 $\frac{5}{8}$ ".

A. N. A. CONVENTION AUCTION SALE OF COINS.

Announcement is made in the advertising pages in this issue by the Koin-X-Change Shop, of Chicago, that it will hold an auction sale of coins, etc., during the A. N. A. convention in that city. The auction will be under the direction of Rollo E. Gilmore, of that firm, and will take place on Tuesday evening, August 29. Consignments are solicited for this sale before July 25. (See advertisement for further details.)

COINAGE FOR MAY, 1933.

Following is the number of pieces of the different denominations coined at the mints of the United States during May, 1933, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

Gold—Double Eagles, 145,500.

Bronze—One Cent, 2,212,000.

**1933 CONVENTION OF THE
AMERICAN NUMISMATIC
ASSOCIATION**

CHICAGO, ILL., AUGUST 26 TO 31.

**SPLENDID EXHIBIT OF COINS.
ENJOYABLE ENTERTAINMENT
FEATURES
IN ADDITION TO
“A CENTURY OF PROGRESS”
EXPOSITION.**

**Read the Program and Other Descriptive
Matter on Pages 449-452 in This Issue.**

OTHER DETAILS NEXT MONTH.



LOOKING FORWARD AND UPWARD

The "New Deal" certainly seems to have affected the numismatic field.

My Sale of May 9th resembled a Sale of the "good old days." The number of bidders represented, nearly four hundred (400), and the prevailing prices, almost reached a record peak!

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and not trying to get business by the "knocking methods," but by persistent and extensive advertising. Hard and intelligent work made my business one which is a joy to me and which I try to make pleasant and profitable to you every time you write me, whether you wish to buy or to sell.

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This Banking Institution was incorporated December 26th, 1827. Capital in 1830, \$110,000.00, later increased to \$375,000.00. In 1850, it had Bank notes in circulation amounting to \$466,295.00. It had a branch at Savannah.

It was a successful and well managed Bank, but failed during the Civil War, when Augusta was captured by General Sherman. Acting under orders, the Federal Officers burned all available Confederate Paper Money and Securities, but Bank properties were safeguarded. Very few banks of Georgia weathered the War.

In 1865, the notes were quoted at 5 cents on the dollar, but I have no record that any percentage was ever paid on them.

The Bank issued notes of the following denominations: 5c., 10c., 25c., 50c., 75c., \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50 and \$100.

10c.—Jan. 1, 1862, Good	\$.50
10c.—Jan. 1, 1863, Unc. ....	.50
25c.—Jan. 1, 1862, Fair .....	.50
25c.—Jan. 1, 1863, Good .....	.25
50c.—Jan. 1, 1862, Good .....	.25
50c.—Jan. 1, 1863, Fine .....	.30
75c.—Jan. 1, 1863, Fine .....	.25
\$1—C., Blacksmith, Fine .....	.15
\$1—C., Portrait, Fine .....	.15
\$2—C., Horse, Fine .....	.50
\$2—C., Wheelwright, Fine .....	.20
\$5—C., Neptune, Good .....	.25
\$5—L., Marshall, Good .....	.25
\$5—C., State arms, Fine .....	.20
\$10—L., Harrison, Good .....	.20
\$10—Black and Red, Fine .....	.20
\$20—Black and Red, Fine .....	.30
\$50—C., Neptune, Good .....	.40
\$50—Black and Red, Fine	1.00
\$100—C., View of U. S. Capitol, Fine	1.50

Ten Different Civil War Tokens—Fine condition\$1.00

Fifteen Different Civil War Tokens—Fair to fine 1.00

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(Continued from inside back cover page.)

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1866, S Mint, Fine	6.00
1867, S Mint, Fine	6.00
1868, Proof, \$20.00. Unc., \$10.00. Ex. fine, \$6.00. Very fine	4.50
1868, S Mint, Fine	6.00
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1869, S Mint, Ex. fine, \$7.50. Very fine	6.00
1870, Uncirculated	15.00
1870, S Mint, Fine	6.00
1871, Proof, \$15.00. Uncirculated, \$10.00. Ex. fine	7.50
1871, S Mint, Ex. fine, \$7.50. Fine	6.00
1872, Uncirculated	15.00
1872, S Mint, Ex. fine, \$7.50. Very fine, \$6.00. Fine	5.00
1873, Proof, \$10.00. Unc., \$5.00. Very fine, \$4.00. Fine	3.50
1873, S Mint, Unc., \$7.50. Ex. fine, \$6.00. Fine	5.00
1874, Uncirculated, \$25.00. Very fine	20.00
1875, S Mint, Very fine, \$10.00. Fine	7.50
1876, Uncirculated, \$10.00. Ex. fine, \$7.50. Fine	5.00
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1877, Uncirculated	15.00
1877, S Mint, Uncirculated, \$6.00. Ex. fine, \$5.00. Fine	4.00
1878, Proof, \$20.00. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Fine	3.50
1878, S Mint, Uncirculated, \$4.50. Fine	3.50
1879, Proof, \$15.00. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Fine	3.50
1879, S Mint, Uncirculated, \$4.50. Fine	3.50
1880, Proof, \$15.00. Uncirculated, \$10.00. Very fine	7.50
1882, Proof, \$15.00. Uncirculated, \$10.00. Very fine	7.50
1883, Proof, \$15.00. Uncirculated	10.00
1884, Proof, \$15.00. Uncirculated	10.00
1886, Proof, \$10.00. Uncirculated	7.50
1887, Proof, \$10.00. Uncirculated	7.50
1888, Proof, \$10.00. Uncirculated	7.50
1889, Proof, \$10.00. Uncirculated	7.50
1890, Proof, \$10.00. Uncirculated	7.50
1891, Proof, \$10.00. Uncirculated	7.50
1892, Proof	20.00
1893, Proof, \$7.50. Uncirculated, \$5.00. Very fine	4.00
1894, Proof, \$8.50. Uncirculated, \$6.00. Very fine	5.00
1895, Proof, \$8.50. Uncirculated, \$6.00. Very fine	5.00
1896, Proof, \$7.50. Uncirculated, \$5.00. Very fine	4.00
1897, Proof, \$7.50. Uncirculated, \$5.00. Very fine	4.00
1898, Proof, \$7.50. Uncirculated, \$5.00. Very fine	4.00
1899, Proof, \$6.50. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Very fine	3.50
1900, Proof, \$6.50. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Very fine	3.50
1901, Proof, \$6.50. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Very fine	3.50
1902, Proof, \$7.50. Uncirculated, \$5.00. Very fine	4.00
1903, Proof, \$6.50. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Very fine	3.50
1904, Proof, \$6.50. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Very fine	3.50
1905, Proof, \$6.50. Uncirculated, \$4.50. Very fine	3.50
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During those campaigns, particularly the former, a large number of tokens or medals of varying size were issued in different parts of the country, which collectively have since been referred to as "Bryan Money." They were divided into two classes—comparative or educational, and satirical.

In the issue of *The Numismatist* for July, 1926, we published a descriptive list of these pieces (141 in number), compiled by Farran Zerbe after a study and active search for varieties extending over 15 years. In his list Mr. Zerbe contributes a wonderful amount of data on the origin of the various issues. All the principal varieties are illustrated. No other list of these pieces has ever been published.

At that time we printed a number of extra copies, anticipating a demand for them in the years to follow. We have not been disappointed and the greater part of them has been sold. We have a few left—only a few—and we are now offering them to those interested. The price for a single copy was fixed at \$1. The original price has been maintained and will be maintained until the last copy is sold. The issue consists of 104 pages, and there is a variety of other articles related to the subject. If you want a \$5 value for \$1, you should order a copy immediately.

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CONGRESS HOTEL, CHICAGO, ILL.,**TUESDAY, AUGUST 29th, 1933.****Coin Consignments Are Solicited, Which Should Be Sent In Promptly.****TERMS—25 % on Consignments bringing \$25 or more; 35 % if less than \$25. Further details on request.**

Many rare and scarce items have already been received, and Catalogue is now in preparation. Send your duplicates or part of your collection of coins, medals, paper-money, tokens, military decorations, or curious money at once. Have them included in this coming sale and realize on them, then invest in desired coins. Your list should be enclosed with the coins. Hundreds of A. N. A. Members and Visitors to the Century of Progress, as well as numerous Chicago collectors will assure you of lively floor bidding in addition to mail bids from our regular mail bid customers.

Auction will be conducted by and under the auspices of Rollo E. Gilmore of

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where all correspondence and mail bids are to be directed. Catalogue will be sent to all persons bidding at our auctions and to any others interested. If you are not one of our regular bidders, copy will be mailed on request for 3c. stamp.

Consignments for this Public Auction must be in before July 25th to be listed in Catalogue. Consignments received later will be listed in the following regular Mail Auction.

The National Coin Album

Now Complete.

There are 29 separate pages each opening stamped with date for all United States Silver and Copper Coins as listed in our Standard Catalogue for 1932.

Window sections of transparent celluloid cover each row of coins, and are easily moved by friction of the fingers. Both sides of the coins may be seen.

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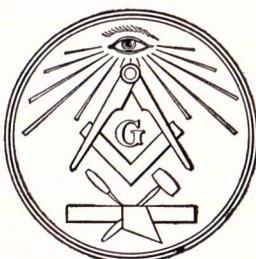
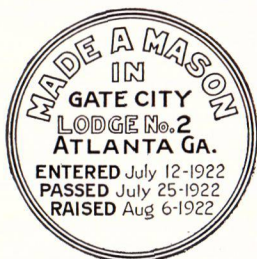
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